



CAO Legislative Report

Administration

[AB 347](#)

[Chau D \(Dist. 49\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Weights and measures: inspection: fees. Current law, until January 1, 2019, requires the Secretary of Food and Agriculture to establish by regulation an annual administrative fee to recover reasonable administrative and enforcement costs incurred by the Department of Food and Agriculture for exercising supervision over and performing investigations in connection with the activities performed by sealers. This bill would extend the authority of the board of supervisors of a county to charge fees to recover the costs of the county sealer, as provided, until January 1, 2022, and would extend certain other related provisions.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 1250](#)

[Jones-Sawyer D \(Dist. 59\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Counties: contracts for personal services. Would establish specific standards for the use of personal services contracts by counties. The bill would allow a county or county agency to contract for personal services currently or customarily performed by employees, as applicable, when specified conditions are met. The bill would exempt certain types of contracts from its provisions, and would exempt a city and county from its provisions. By placing new duties on local government agencies, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill also would provide that its provisions are severable.

Position: San Bernardino County Oppose

[AB 1983](#)

[Waldron R \(Dist. 75\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

State mandates. The California Constitution requires the state to provide a subvention of funds to reimburse local government for the costs of a new program or a higher level of service, with specified exceptions, when the Legislature or a state agency mandates a new program or higher level of service on any local government, including school districts. Current law authorizes a local agency or school district, by February 15, to file an annual reimbursement claim detailing these state-mandated costs, as specified. This bill would extend that date to March 1.

[SB 292](#)

[Bates R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Counties: contract legal counsel: auditor-controller. Current law requires a county board of supervisors, upon request of the county assessor or sheriff, to contract with legal counsel to assist the assessor or sheriff with duties for which the district attorney or county counsel would have a conflict of interest in representing the assessor or sheriff. In the event the board of supervisors does not concur with the assessor or sheriff that a conflict of interests exists, current law authorizes the county assessor or sheriff to initiate an ex parte proceeding before the presiding judge of the superior court, as provided. This bill would extend these provisions to additionally require the board of supervisors to contract with legal counsel to assist the auditor-controller, as described above.

Air Quality

[AB 193](#)

[Cervantes D \(Dist. 60\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Air Quality Improvement Program: Clean Reused Vehicle Rebate Project. Would require the State Air Resources Board to establish the Clean Reused Vehicle Rebate Project, as a part of the Air Quality Improvement Program, to provide rebates for the acquisition of an eligible used vehicle, as defined; the replacement or refurbishment of an electric vehicle battery and related components for an eligible used vehicle or a vehicle service contract, as defined, for the battery or related components; or



a vehicle service contract to cover unexpected vehicle repairs not covered by the manufacturer's warranty related to unique problems in eligible used vehicles, as specified.

[AB 388](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund: wetland restoration projects. This bill would authorize the use of the moneys in the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund for wetland restoration projects that may make use of dredged material if the investment furthers the regulatory purposes of the act and is consistent with law.

Behavioral Health

[AB 254](#)

[Thurmond D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Local Educational Agency Behavioral Health Integration Pilot Program. Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to establish the Local Educational Agency Behavioral Health Integration Pilot Program for the purpose of improving the behavioral health outcomes of students by improving the delivery of direct behavioral health services, as defined. The bill would require the department to encourage eligible participants to participate in the program, to provide technical assistance to eligible participants, to develop a request for a proposals process to determine funding allocation, and to formulate any necessary Medi-Cal State Plan amendments, and award grants pursuant to these provisions.

[AB 870](#)

[Levine D \(Dist. 10\)](#)

Location: SENATE DESK

Prisoners: mental health treatment. Would require a court, upon the conviction of a defendant for a felony resulting in sentencing to state prison, to recommend in writing that the defendant receive a mental health evaluation if the court finds that the defendant at the time of the commission of the offense was suffering from a serious mental illness or has a demonstrated history of mental illness.

[AB 2022](#)

[Chu D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Pupil health: mental health professionals. Current law requires the governing board of any school district to give diligent care to the health and physical development of pupils and authorizes the governing board of a school district to employ properly certified persons for the work. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would require at least one mental health professional at each elementary and secondary school campus.

[SB 8](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Diversion: mental disorders. Would authorize a court, with the consent of the defendant and a waiver of the defendant's speedy trial right, to postpone prosecution of a misdemeanor or a felony punishable in a county jail, and place the defendant in a pretrial diversion program for up to 2 years if the court is satisfied the defendant suffers from a mental disorder, that the defendant's mental disorder played a significant role in the commission of the charged offense, and that the defendant would benefit from mental health treatment.

[SB 142](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Criminal offenders: mental health. Current law requires, if a person is convicted of a felony and is eligible for probation, before judgment is pronounced, the court to immediately refer the matter to a probation officer to investigate and report to the court upon the circumstances surrounding the crime and the prior history and record of the person. This bill would authorize a defendant to provide documentation to the court that he or she is currently, or was at any prior time, eligible for public mental health services due to a serious mental illness or eligible for Social Security Disability Insurance due to a diagnosed mental illness.



[SB 192](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Mental Health Services Act Reversion Fund. Would amend the Mental Health Services Act by instead requiring that any funds allocated since the 2008–09 fiscal year, except as specified, to a large, medium, small, or very small county, as defined, that have not been spent for their authorized purpose within 3 years of being allocated, and any interest earned on unspent funds, revert to the state for deposit into the newly established Mental Health Services Act Reversion Fund. The bill would authorize a very small county to apply for a waiver, subject to approval by the commission, requesting a delay of the reversion of funds, but not for more than 5 fiscal years from the time of allocation of funds.

[SB 215](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY DESK

Diversion: mental disorders. Would authorize a court, with the consent of the defendant and a waiver of the defendant's speedy trial right, to postpone prosecution of a misdemeanor or a felony punishable in a county jail, and place the defendant in a pretrial diversion program for up to 2 years if the court is satisfied the defendant suffers from a mental disorder, that the defendant's mental disorder played a significant role in the commission of the charged offense, and that the defendant would benefit from mental health treatment. For specified offenses, the bill would condition granting diversion on the consent of the prosecution.

[SB 688](#)

[Moorlach R \(Dist. 37\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY DESK

Mental Health Services Act: revenue and expenditure reports. Current law requires the State Department of Health Care Services, in consultation with the commission and the County Behavioral Health Directors Association of California, to develop and administer instructions for the Annual Mental Health Services Act Revenue and Expenditure Report, which gathers specified information on mental health spending as a result of the MHSA, including the expenditures of funds distributed to each county. Current law requires counties to electronically submit the report to the department and the commission. This bill would require counties to prepare the reports in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, as specified.

[SB 992](#)

[Hernandez D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facilities. Current law provides for the licensure and regulation of adult alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment facilities by the State Department of Health Care Services. Current law requires licensees to provide specified nonmedical services, including recovery, treatment, or detoxification, and requires the department to adopt regulations requiring records and procedures that are appropriate for those services, including discharge and continuing care planning. This bill would require a licensee to develop a plan to address when a resident relapses that would include discharge and continuing care planning, as specified.

[SB 1004](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Mental Health Services Act: prevention and early diagnosis. Would amend the Mental Health Services Act by requiring counties to expend Mental Health Services Act prevention and early intervention funds on early psychosis and mood disorder detection and intervention, college mental health outreach, engagement, and service delivery, and childhood trauma prevention and early intervention, as specified. This bill would declare that its provisions further the intent of the MHSA

[SB 1019](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Youth mental health and substance use disorder services. Current law provides that funds appropriated by the Legislature to the California Health Facilities Financing Authority and the Mental Health Services Oversight and Accountability Commission for the purposes of the Investment in



Mental Health Wellness Act of 2013 be made available to selected counties or counties acting jointly, except as otherwise provided, and used to provide, among other things, a complete continuum of crisis services for children and youth 21 years of age and under regardless of where they live in the state. The act requires the commission to allocate funds to triage personnel, as specified. This bill would require the commission, when making these funds available, to allocate at least one half of those funds for services or programs targeted at children and youth 18 years of age and under.

Cannabis

[AB 6](#)

[Obernolte R \(Dist. 33\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

The Financial Information System for California (FISCAl) Act: transparency component. Current law, the Financial Information System for California (FISCAl) Act, establishes a single integrated financial management system for the state. The act requires the system to include a state transparency component that allows the public to have information regarding General Fund and federal fund expenditure data, using an Internet Web site. This bill would enact the Budget Transparency Act of 2017. The bill would modify the transparency component of the system described above to require it to have information regarding all state expenditures, including the amount, the type, and a description of each state expenditure

[AB 64](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Cannabis: licensure and regulation. Both MCRSA and AUMA generally divide responsibility for state licensure and regulation between the Bureau of Marijuana Control (bureau) within the Department of Consumer Affairs, which serves as the lead state agency, the Department of Food and Agriculture, and the State Department of Public Health. AUMA requires the licensing authorities to begin issuing licenses to engage in commercial adult-use cannabis activity by January 1, 2018. This bill, if SB 94 is enacted, would repeal that separate and distinct premises requirement. The bill would also prohibit a testing licensee under MAUCRSA from owning, or having an ownership interest in, a premises licensed under MAUCRSA for any activity except testing.

[AB 76](#)

[Chau D \(Dist. 49\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Adult-use marijuana: marketing. Under current law, the Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act (AUMA), approved by the voters at the November 8, 2016, statewide general election, regulates the cultivation, distribution, transport, storage, manufacturing, testing, processing, sale, and use of marijuana for nonmedical purposes by people 21 years of age and older. This bill would prohibit an operator, as defined, of an Internet Web site, online service, online application, or mobile application from marketing or advertising any marijuana, marijuana product, or marijuana business to a person who is under 21 years of age if the operator has actual knowledge that a person under 21 years of age is using its Internet Web site, online service, online application, or mobile application, and if the marketing or advertising is specifically directed to that person based upon information specific to that person, including, but not limited to, the person's profile, activity, address, or location.

[AB 110](#)

[Ting D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Cannabis: medicinal and adult use. The Medical Marijuana Program also provides immunity from arrest to those exempt patients or designated primary caregivers who engage in certain acts involving marijuana, up to certain limits, and who have identification cards issued pursuant to the program unless there is reasonable cause to believe that the information contained in the card is false or fraudulent, the card has been obtained by means of fraud, or the person is otherwise in violation of the law. Under existing law, a person who steals, fraudulently uses, or commits other prohibited acts with respect to those identification cards is subject to criminal penalties. This bill would require probable cause to believe that the information on the card is false or fraudulent, the card was obtained by fraud, or the person is otherwise in violation of the law to overcome immunity from arrest to patients and primary caregivers in possession of an identification card.



[AB 175](#)

[Chau D \(Dist. 49\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Cannabis marketing: packaging and labeling. Would require a manufacturer, prior to introducing an edible cannabis product into commerce in California, to submit the packaging and labeling to the State Department of Public Health for approval and would require the department to determine whether the packaging and labeling are in compliance with the requirements of prescribed provisions of law, including the requirements that the packaging be child resistant and not attractive to children, as specified. The bill would authorize the department to charge a manufacturer a fee for the determination, in an amount no greater than the amount required to cover the actual and reasonable costs of administering the approval program.

[AB 238](#)

[Steinorth R \(Dist. 40\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Nonmedical marijuana: manufacturing: volatile solvents in residential structures. Would prohibit a manufacturing Level 2 licensee from manufacturing marijuana products using volatile solvents on property zoned for residential or mixed use. The bill would declare that its provisions implement specified substantive provisions and are consistent with and further the intent of the act. This bill contains other existing laws.

[AB 259](#)

[Gipson D \(Dist. 64\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

Medical cannabis and nonmedical marijuana: California residency requirement for licensing. Until December 31, 2019, AUMA requires a person to demonstrate continuous California residency from or before January 1, 2015, in order to be issued a license for commercial nonmedical marijuana activity. Current law, the Medical Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act (MCRSA), authorizes a person who obtains both a state license under the MCRSA and the relevant local license to engage in commercial medical cannabis activity pursuant to those licenses, as specified. Existing law prescribes requirements for a licensing authority to issue a license, including submission of an application and payment of a fee. This bill would require a person to demonstrate 3 years of continuous California residency prior to the date of application before being issued a license under either AUMA or MCRSA.

[AB 389](#)

[Salas D \(Dist. 32\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Cannabis: consumer guide. Would require the Bureau of Marijuana, by July 1, 2018, to establish and make available on its Internet Web site a consumer guide to serve as a resource for the public on the California laws and regulations applicable to medicinal and adult-use cannabis.

[AB 420](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Personal income tax: deduction: commercial cannabis activity. Would, for each taxable year beginning on and after January 1, 2018, would specifically provide in the Personal Income Tax Law for nonconformity to that federal law disallowing a deduction or credit for business expenses of a trade or business whose activities consist of trafficking specified controlled substances, only for commercial cannabis activity, as defined, authorized under MAUCRSA, thus allowing deduction of business expenses for a cannabis or marijuana trade or business under the Personal Income Tax Law, as provided.

[AB 710](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: SENATE B., P. & E.D.

Cannabidiol. Would expressly exclude from regulation under the California Uniform Controlled Substances Act, any medicinal product composed of cannabidiol approved by the federal Food and Drug Administration and either placed on a schedule of the federal Controlled Substances Act other than Schedule I, or exempted from one or more provisions of that act. This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.



[AB 823](#)

[Chau D \(Dist. 49\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Edible cannabis products: labeling. Would amend the Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act by requiring the universal symbol required to be on edible cannabis product not sold as a liquid, loose bulk good, or powder to meet specified requirements, including that the symbol be placed directly on at least one side of each serving so as to be distinguishable and easily recognizable as well as size and placement requirements. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[AB 844](#)

[Burke D \(Dist. 62\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

California Marijuana Tax Fund: grants for support system navigation services. Would amend AUMA by requiring GO-Biz to give preference to applicants for grants to provide support system navigation services, as described in AUMA, that meet specific minimum performance standards, including, among other standards, capability of providing service 24 hours per day, 7 days per week, and 365 days per year. This bill would also establish the Community Reinvestments Grants Program Fund, as a continuously appropriated fund, thereby making an appropriation, and require certain funds distributed to GO-Biz pursuant to AUMA to be deposited into that fund.

[AB 845](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Cannabidiol. The California Uniform Controlled Substances Act, classifies controlled substances into 5 designated schedules with the most restrictive limitations generally placed on controlled substances classified in Schedule I, and the least restrictive limitations generally placed on controlled substances classified in Schedule V. Existing law places cannabis in Schedule I. Cannabidiol is a compound found in cannabis. This bill, if one of specified changes in federal law regarding the controlled substance cannabidiol occurs, would provide that a physician, pharmacist, or other authorized healing arts licensee who prescribes, furnishes, or dispenses a product composed of cannabidiol, in accordance with federal law, is in compliance with state law governing those acts.

[AB 924](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE B., P. & E.D.

Indian tribes: commercial cannabis activity. Would amend AUMA by authorizing the Governor to enter into an agreement with a federally recognized Indian tribe authorizing commercial cannabis activity that requires the tribe to establish a cannabis regulatory commission that would exercise exclusive regulatory authority over all commercial cannabis activity, by both Indians and non-Indians, in Indian country and that requires the commission to adopt standards that meet or exceed the standards adopted under the state's regulatory framework governing commercial cannabis activity.

[AB 948](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Cannabis: taxation: electronic funds transfer. Would, until January 1, 2022, authorize a person licensed under MAUCRSA whose estimated tax liability under that law averages \$10,000 or more per month to remit amounts due by a means other than electronic funds transfer if the California Department of Tax and Fee Administration deems it necessary to facilitate collection of amounts due. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[AB 963](#)

[Gipson D \(Dist. 64\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

Taxation: marijuana. The Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act (AUMA) imposes an excise tax on the purchase of marijuana and marijuana products, as defined, and a separate cultivation tax on marijuana that enters the commercial market, and requires revenues from those taxes, interest, penalties, and other related amounts to be deposited into the California Marijuana Tax Fund, which is continuously appropriated for specified purposes pursuant to a specified schedule. This bill would provide for the suspension or revocation of those permits, would authorize the board to deny



an application for a permit if the applicant had previously been issued a permit that was suspended or revoked, among other reasons, and would set forth the process for appealing permit suspensions, revocations, and application denials.

[AB 1002](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Center for Cannabis Research. Current law authorizes the creation by the University of California of the California Cannabis Research Program, the purpose of which is to develop and conduct studies intended to ascertain the general medical safety and efficacy of cannabis and, if found valuable, to develop medical guidelines for the appropriate administration and use of cannabis. Current law authorizes the program to conduct focused controlled clinical trials on the usefulness of cannabis in patients diagnosed with specified conditions, including cancer and glaucoma. This bill would expand the purview of the program to include the study of naturally occurring constituents of cannabis and synthetic compounds that have effects similar to naturally occurring cannabinoids. al cannabis.

[AB 1090](#)

[Cunningham R \(Dist. 35\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Cannabis use: location restrictions. Would prohibit the possession, smoking, or ingesting of cannabis or cannabis products in or upon the grounds of a school, day care center, or youth center, regardless of whether children are present. By expanding the scope of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[AB 1254](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Production or cultivation of a controlled substance: civil penalties. Current law makes a person found to have violated specified provisions of law generally protecting fish and wildlife, water, or other natural resources in connection with the production or cultivation of a controlled substance liable for a civil penalty in addition to any penalties imposed by any other law. With respect to a violation that occurs on land that a person owns, leases, or otherwise uses or occupies with the consent of the landowner, existing law makes each day that a violation occurs or continues to occur a separate violation subject to the additional civil penalty. This bill would also make each day that a violation occurs or continues to occur on the specified types of public or private land or while the person was trespassing on public or private land a separate violation subject to the additional civil penalty.

[AB 1527](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: SENATE B., P. & E.D.

State and local marijuana regulatory agencies: employees. Would prohibit a former employee of the Bureau of Marijuana Control, a licensing authority, the panel, or a local jurisdiction who had specified regulatory or licensing responsibilities from being employed by a person or entity licensed under AUMA or MCRSA for a period of one year from the last date of employment by the bureau, licensing authority, panel, or local jurisdiction.

[AB 1578](#)

[Jones-Sawyer D \(Dist. 59\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Cannabis programs: cooperation with federal authorities. Would prohibit a state or local agency, as defined, from taking certain actions without a federal agent obtaining a court order signed by a judge and presenting that order to the state or local agency, including using agency money, facilities, property, equipment, or personnel to assist a federal agency to investigate, detain, detect, report, obtain information, or arrest a person for commercial or noncommercial cannabis activity that is authorized or allowed under state and local law in the State of California and from transferring an individual to federal law enforcement or detaining an individual at the request of federal law enforcement or federal authorities for cannabis-related activity that is legal under state and applicable local law.



[AB 1627](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Adult Use Marijuana Act: testing laboratories. Would transfer the regulation of testing laboratories under AUMA from the State Department of Public Health to the bureau. AUMA authorizes the Legislature to amend, by a majority vote, certain provisions of the act to implement specified substantive provisions, provided that the amendments are consistent with and further the purposes and intent of the act. This bill would declare that its provisions implement specified substantive provisions of AUMA. The bill would also declare that its provisions further specified purposes and the intent of that act.

[AB 1686](#)

[Gloria D \(Dist. 78\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Adult-use cannabis and medicinal cannabis: licenses: application: labor peace agreement. The Medicinal and Adult-Use Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act (MAUCRSA), requires an applicant for a MAUCRSA license with 20 or more employees to provide the licensing authority with a statement that the applicant will enter into, or demonstrate that it has already entered into, and abide by the terms of a labor peace agreement. MAUCRSA requires an applicant for a MAUCRSA license to provide the licensing authority with a statement, signed by the applicant under penalty of perjury, that the information provided is complete, true, and accurate. This bill would require that the statement relating to the labor peace agreement be signed, notarized, and submitted electronically. The bill would authorize an applicant to submit a physical copy of the labor peace agreement in the event that the licensing authority does not have the ability to receive electronic copies of labor peace agreements.

[AB 1700](#)

[Cooper D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Adult-use cannabis and medicinal cannabis: license application: OSHA training. Would require an applicant for a state license under MAUCRSA to provide a statement that the applicant employs, or will employ within one year of receiving a license, an employee who has successfully completed a federal Occupational Safety and Health Administration 10-hour general industry course. By expanding the scope of the crime of perjury, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[AB 1741](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Cannabis: taxation: electronic funds transfer. The Sales and Use Tax Law authorizes, before January 1, 2022, a person issued a seller's permit for a place of business that is a dispensary, as defined in the Medical Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act, which was repealed, to remit amounts due for retail sales at the dispensary by a means other than electronic funds transfer. This bill, until January 1, 2022, would instead authorize a person licensed under MAUCRSA, whose estimated tax liability under that law averages \$10,000 or more per month, to remit amounts due by a means other than electronic funds transfer if the board deems it necessary to facilitate collection of amounts due.

[AB 1793](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Cannabis convictions. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to allow automatic expungement or reduction of a prior cannabis conviction, as specified.

[AB 1863](#)

[Jones-Sawyer D \(Dist. 59\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Personal income tax: deduction: commercial cannabis activity. Would, for each taxable year beginning on and after January 1, 2019, specifically provide in the Personal Income Tax Law for nonconformity to that federal law disallowing a deduction or credit for business expenses of a trade or business whose activities consist of trafficking specified controlled substances, only for commercial cannabis activity, as defined, authorized under MAUCRSA, thus allowing deduction of business expenses for a cannabis trade or business under the Personal Income Tax Law, as provided.



[AB 1996](#)

[Lackey R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

The California Cannabis Research Program. Would conform the name of the Cannabis Research Program, also sometimes referred to as the California Marijuana Research Program or the Center for Medicinal Cannabis Research, throughout the code, including for purposes of the appropriation made by AUMA, as the California Cannabis Research Program and would specify that the program is hosted by the Center for Cannabis Research.

[AB 2020](#)

[Quirk D \(Dist. 20\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Cannabis: local jurisdiction licensees: temporary event permits. Would authorize a local jurisdiction to apply for a temporary event license, and would generally require that local jurisdiction to comply with all existing licensure requirements that apply to any other applicant, except for specified provisions relating to background checks and prior convictions. The bill would also authorize a state temporary event license to be issued to a licensee for an event to be held at any other venue expressly approved by the local jurisdiction for events, as specified.

[AB 2069](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Medicinal cannabis: employment discrimination. Would prohibit an employer from engaging in employment discrimination against a person on the basis of his or her status as, or positive drug test for cannabis by, a qualified patient or person with an identification card. The bill would provide that it does not prohibit an employer from refusing to hire an individual or discharging an employee who is a qualified or person with an identification card, if hiring or failing to discharge an employee would cause the employer to lose a monetary or licensing-related benefit under federal law.

[AJR 27](#)

[Low D \(Dist. 28\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Cannabis. This measure would urge United States Department of Justice not to direct its enforcement priorities towards California's lawfully and closely regulated cannabis industry, among other things.

[SB 118](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY BUDGET

Cannabis Regulation. MAUCRSA imposes various requirements on the delivery of cannabis and cannabis products, including requiring during delivery a licensee to maintain a physical copy of the delivery request, as specified, and to make it available upon request of the licensing authority and law enforcement officers. MAUCRSA defines delivery for these purposes to mean the commercial transfer of cannabis or cannabis products to a customer and to include the use by a retailer of any technology platform owned and controlled by the retailer. This bill would revise the requirement that a licensee maintain a copy of the delivery request during delivery so that the request is not required to be physical.

[SB 162](#)

[Allen D \(Dist. 26\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Cannabis: marketing. Would specify that advertising or marketing cannabis or cannabis products in a manner intended to encourage persons under 21 years of age to consume cannabis or cannabis products includes all advertising of cannabis or cannabis products through the use of branded merchandise, including, but not limited to, clothing, hats, or other merchandise with the name or logo of the product. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[SB 175](#)

[McGuire D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Marijuana: county of origin: marketing and advertising. The Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act (AUMA), an initiative measure enacted by the approval of Proposition 64 at the November 8, 2016, statewide general election, provides for the licensure and regulation of commercial



nonmedical marijuana activities, for which responsibility is also generally divided between those same state entities. Both MCRSA and AUMA prohibit the use of the name of a California county in the labeling, marketing, or packaging of medical marijuana products or nonmedical marijuana products unless the marijuana contained in the product was grown in that county. This bill would specify that those prohibitions also apply to the advertising of marijuana and include the use of any similar sounding name that is likely to mislead consumers as to the origin of the product.

[SB 311](#)

[Pan D \(Dist. 6\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Medical cannabis and nonmedical marijuana: testing by a licensee. The Medical Cannabis Regulation and Safety Act and the Adult Use of Marijuana Act, requires all cultivators, manufacturers, and licensees holding a producing dispensary license in addition to a cultivation or manufacturing license to send all medical cannabis, medical cannabis products, marijuana, and marijuana products cultivated or manufactured to a distributor for presale quality assurance and inspection by a distributor and for a batch testing by a testing laboratory prior to distribution to a dispensary or retailer. This bill would also authorize a licensee to perform testing on the licensee's premises of cannabis or cannabis products obtained from another licensee for the purpose of quality assurance.

[SB 794](#)

[Stern D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Edible marijuana products: labeling and packaging. Would require each single serving of an edible marijuana product to be stamped, marked, or otherwise imprinted directly on the product with a universal symbol that is designed by the Bureau of Marijuana Control. The bill would specify the required size and visibility of the universal symbol. The bill would require edible marijuana products to be sold in packaging that is tamperproof, child resistant, and, if the product contains more than one serving, resealable. AUMA authorizes the Legislature to amend, by a 2/3 vote, certain provisions of the act, provided that the amendments are consistent with, and further the purposes and intent of, the act.

[SB 930](#)

[Hertzberg D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Financial institutions: cannabis. Current law, the Financial Institutions Law, regulates the activities of various financial entities, including commercial banks, industrial banks, trust companies, credit unions, and savings and loan associations. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact subsequent legislation that would establish a state-chartered bank that would allow a person licensed to engage in commercial cannabis activity under MAUCRSA to engage in banking activities in California.

Disaster Preparedness

[AB 1857](#)

[Nazarian D \(Dist. 46\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

Building codes: earthquake safety: immediate occupancy standard. Would require the California Building Standards Commission to adopt earthquake standards for engineered buildings meeting immediate occupancy standards, as defined, to be included in the next triennial edition of the California Building Code, as specified. Until the immediate occupancy standard is adopted, the bill would require the commission to adopt a strength and stiffness standard, as defined, for engineered buildings that is 1.5 times the level of the current standard.

Early Childhood Education

[AB 11](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: SENATE DESK

Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment Program: screening services. Would require, consistent with federal law, that screening services under the EPSDT program include developmental screening services for individuals zero to 3 years of age, inclusive, in compliance with



the periodicity schedule and the standardized and validated screening tools that are established by the Bright Futures/American Academy of Pediatrics Recommendations for Preventive Pediatric Health Care and by any future updates to those recommendations. The bill would also make legislative findings and declarations relating to child development.

[AB 60](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Subsidized child care and development services: eligibility periods. Would require that a family, upon establishing initial eligibility or ongoing eligibility for services under the Child Care and Development Services Act, be considered to meet all eligibility requirements for those services for not less than 12 months, receive those services for not less than 12 months before having its eligibility redetermined, and not be required to report changes to income or other changes for at least 12 months, except as provided. The bill would revise the definition of "income eligible" and provide that the definition applies for purposes of establishing initial income eligibility for services under the act, and would add a definition of "ongoing income eligible" for purposes of establishing ongoing income eligibility for services under the act.

[AB 605](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: SENATE DESK

Day care centers: birth to first grade license option. Would require the State Department of Social Services to adopt regulations on or before January 1, 2019, to develop and implement a birth to entering first grade license option for day care centers. The bill would require the regulations to include age-appropriate transition times, as specified, a requirement that a single integrated license option list the age groups of children being served at the day care center, and a requirement that all other licensing regulations that apply to a day care center shall also apply to a birth to entering first grade license option.

[AB 1754](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY ED.

Pre-K for All Act of 2018. Current law requires the Superintendent to administer all California state preschool programs, which include part-day age and developmentally appropriate programs for 3- and 4-year-old children, as provided. Existing law provides that 3- and 4-year-old children are eligible for the state part-day preschool program if the family meets one of several eligibility requirements, including income eligibility. This bill, the Pre-K for All Act of 2018, would require the state to provide all 4-year-old children who meet those eligibility requirements with access to early care and education programs.

[AB 2001](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Family child care home education networks. Current law requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to contract with entities organized to operate family child care home education networks that support educational objectives for children in licensed family child care homes that serve families eligible for subsidized care. Current law requires the family child care home education network programs to include certain components, including an assessment of each family child care home provider to ensure that services are of high quality and are educationally and developmentally appropriate. This bill would require that tools used to make these assessments be appropriate to family child care home settings, and would require a family child care home education network program to include the maintenance of a developmental portfolio for each child, as provided, and opportunities for parent involvement.

[SB 837](#)

[Dodd D \(Dist. 3\)](#)

Location: SENATE ED.

Transitional kindergarten: enrollment for 4-year-olds. Current law requires, in the 2014–15 school year and each school year thereafter, and as a condition of receipt of apportionments for pupils in a transitional kindergarten program, a child who will have his or her fifth birthday between September 2 and December 2 to be admitted to a transitional kindergarten program maintained by a school district



or charter school. This bill, as a condition of receipt of apportionments for pupils in a transitional kindergarten program, beginning in the 2020–21 school year, would require progressively younger 4-year-old pupils to be admitted to a transitional kindergarten program maintained by a school district or charter school, as provided, until, in the 2022–23 school year and each school year thereafter, the bill would require all 4-year-old pupils to be admitted to a transitional kindergarten program maintained by a school district or charter school.

Education

[AB 1894](#)

[Weber D \(Dist. 79\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY HIGHER ED.

Postsecondary education: student hunger. Current law requires each public and private postsecondary educational institution that is located in a county that participates in the Restaurant Meals Program (RMP) to apply to become an approved food vendor for the program, if the institution operates any qualifying food facilities, as defined, on campus, or to provide contracting on-campus food vendors, as defined, with specified information about the program. This bill would require an approved on-campus qualifying food facility that participates in the RMP pursuant to the bill to meet all of the requirements for participation in that program.

[AB 1935](#)

[Irwin D \(Dist. 44\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY HIGHER ED.

Community colleges: tutoring. Under current law, community college districts throughout the state have established campuses where they provide instruction to students. Current law establishes a system through which state funds are apportioned to community college districts based on specified formulas. A provision of existing law identifies the noncredit community college courses and classes that are eligible for state apportionment funding. This bill would provide that supervised tutoring for degree-applicable and transfer-level courses, as authorized pursuant to regulations adopted by the board of governors, is eligible for state apportionment funding.

[SB 114](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY BUDGET

Education finance. Current law requires the Department of Finance to calculate the state median income for various family sizes, as provided, for purposes of establishing income eligibility for services under the Child Care and Development Services Act and requires the Department of Finance to update those calculations and provide them to the State Department of Education no later than May 1 of each fiscal year. This bill would require the Department of Finance to update its calculations of the state median income for various family sizes and provide the updated data to the State Department of Education no later than March 1 of each fiscal year. The bill would instead require the Superintendent to design the family fee schedule based on the most recent census data available on state median family income in the past 12 months, adjusted for family size.

[SB 968](#)

[Pan D \(Dist. 6\)](#)

Location: SENATE ED.

Postsecondary education: mental health counselors. Would require the Trustees of the California State University, the governing board of each community college district, and the governing body of each independent institution of high education that is a qualifying institution, and request the Regents of the University of California, to hire one full-time equivalent mental health counselor per 1,000 students at each of their respective campuses to the fullest extent consistent with state and federal law. The bill would define mental health counselor for purposes of this provision.

Elections

[AB 84](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Primary elections: election date. Would require that the presidential primary election be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in March of a year that is evenly divisible by the number 4. The bill



would require that the statewide direct primary election be held on that same day in March and consolidated with the presidential primary election during a presidential primary election year. The statewide direct primary election would continue to be held in June of an even-numbered year in which a presidential primary election is not held.

[AB 666](#)

[Aguiar-Curry D \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: SENATE DESK

Elections: voter information guides: candidate statements. Under current law, a candidate for State Senate or Assembly who accepts specified voluntary expenditure limits may purchase the space to place a statement in the voter information portion of the county voter information guide that does not exceed 250 words. This bill would require an elections official who posts a form on his or her Internet Web site for a candidate for State Senate or Assembly to use to submit his or her statement, as described above, to accept that form when it is submitted in accordance with certain timeframes and procedures for the preparation of the voter information portion of the county voter information guide.

[AB 939](#)

[Low D \(Dist. 28\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Elections: precincts: postings. Current law, before opening the polls, requires the precinct board to post at least two copies of the index to the affidavits of voter registration for that precinct in separate, convenient places at or near the polling place. Current law allows the copies of the index to be by street address in numerical order. This bill instead would require the copies of the index to be by street address in numerical order. By imposing additional duties on elections officials, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 1886](#)

[Carrillo D \(Dist. 51\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY E. & R.

Payment of expenses. Current law requires that all expenses authorized and necessarily incurred to prepare for and conduct an election be paid from the county treasuries, except as otherwise provided. This bill would require the state to pay expenses authorized and necessarily incurred to prepare for and conduct certain vacancy elections, as specified.

[ACA 3](#)

[Kiley R \(Dist. 6\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY E. & R.

Elections: initiatives and referenda. Would transfer from the Attorney General to the Legislative Analyst the duty of preparing the title and summary for a proposed initiative or referendum. The measure would also require, for each measure that appears on a statewide ballot, that the Legislative Analyst to prepare the ballot label, and the ballot title and summary for the ballot pamphlet.

[SCA 5](#)

[Fuller R \(Dist. 16\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Elections: initiative, referendum, and recall. The California Constitution provides that all political power is inherent in the people and that government is instituted for their protection, security, and benefit. The California Constitution provides that the people have the right to alter or reform government when the public good may require. This measure would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to this provision.

Emergency Services

[AB 263](#)

[Rodriguez D \(Dist. 52\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Emergency medical services workers: rights and working conditions. Would require an employer that provides emergency medical services as part of an emergency medical services system or plan to authorize and permit its employees engaged in prehospital emergency services to take prescribed rest periods, including specifying grounds for interruption of a rest period and compensation for an interrupted rest period. The bill also would require the employer to provide these employees with



prescribed meal periods, including specifying grounds for interruption of a meal period and compensation for an interrupted meal period.

[AB 1116](#)

[Grayson D \(Dist. 14\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Peer Support and Crisis Referral Services Act. Would create the Peer Support and Crisis Referral Services Act. The bill would, for purposes of the act, define a “peer support team” as a local critical incident response team composed of individuals from emergency services professions, emergency medical services, hospital staff, clergy, and educators who have completed a peer support training course developed by the Office of Emergency Services, the California Firefighter Joint Apprenticeship Committee, or the Commission on Correctional Peace Officer Standards and Training, as specified.

Employee Relations

[AB 553](#)

[Daly D \(Dist. 69\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Workers’ compensation: return-to-work program. Current law funds the return-to-work program with \$120,000,000 per year derived from the Workers’ Compensation Administration Revolving Fund. Current law requires the Director of the Division of Workers’ Compensation to determine eligibility for payments and the amount of payments, as specified. This bill would require the director to have the program distribute the \$120,000,000 annually to eligible workers, as specified, and would require, commencing with the end of the 2017 calendar year, that any remaining program funds available after the above-described supplemental payments are made be distributed pro rata to those eligible workers, subject to a \$25,000 limit per calendar year.

[AB 1937](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Public employment. Current law requires a public employer to deduct dues or service fees paid to a recognized employee organization as required by an agency shop arrangement between the recognized employee organization and the employer. Existing law requires that agency fee obligations continue in effect as long as the employee organization is the recognized bargaining representative, as specified. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change to the requirement that agency fee obligations continue in effect as long as the employee

[AB 1976](#)

[Limón D \(Dist. 37\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY L. & E.

Employment: lactation accommodation. Current law requires every employer to provide a reasonable amount of break time to accommodate an employee desiring to express breast milk for the employee’s infant child and requires an employer to make reasonable efforts to provide the employee with the use of a room or other location, other than a toilet stall, in close proximity to the employee’s work area for the employee to express milk in private. This bill would instead require an employer to make reasonable efforts to provide an employee with use of a room or other location, other than a bathroom, for these purposes.

[AB 2017](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Public employers: employee organizations. Would prohibit a public employer from deterring or discouraging prospective public employees from becoming or remaining members of an employee organization.

[AB 2069](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Medicinal cannabis: employment discrimination. Would prohibit an employer from engaging in employment discrimination against a person on the basis of his or her status as, or positive drug test for cannabis by, a qualified patient or person with an identification card. The bill would provide that it does not prohibit an employer from refusing to hire an individual or discharging an employee who is a



qualified or person with an identification card, if hiring or failing to discharge an employee would cause the employer to lose a monetary or licensing-related benefit under federal law.

Environmental Health

[AB 1404](#)

[Berman D \(Dist. 24\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

California Environmental Quality Act: categorical exemption: infill development. CEQA requires the Office of Planning and Research to prepare and develop, and the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency to certify and adopt, guidelines for the implementation of CEQA. CEQA requires the guidelines to include a list of classes of projects that have been determined not to have a significant effect on the environment and that shall be exempt from CEQA (categorical exemption). Current guidelines for the implementation of CEQA exempts from the requirements of CEQA infill development meeting certain requirements, including the requirement that the proposed development occurs within city limits. This bill would revise the above-described categorical exemption to include proposed residential and mixed-use housing projects occurring within an unincorporated area of a county.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[AB 1804](#)

[Berman D \(Dist. 24\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY NAT. RES.

California Environmental Quality Act: categorical exemption: infill development. CEQA requires the Office of Planning and Research to prepare and develop, and the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency to certify and adopt, guidelines for the implementation of CEQA. CEQA requires the guidelines to include a list of classes of projects that have been determined not to have a significant effect on the environment and that are required to be exempt from CEQA (categorical exemption). Current guidelines for the implementation of CEQA exempts from the requirements of CEQA infill development meeting certain requirements, including the requirement that the proposed development occurs within city limits. This bill would revise the above-described categorical exemption to include proposed residential and mixed-use housing projects occurring within an unincorporated area of a county.

First Responders

[AB 1795](#)

[Gipson D \(Dist. 64\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Emergency medical services: community care facilities. Would authorize a local emergency medical services agency to submit, as part of its emergency services plan, a plan to transport specified patients to a community care facility, as defined, in lieu of transportation to a general acute care hospital. The bill would make conforming changes to the definition of advanced life support to include prehospital emergency care provided before and during, transport to a community care facility, as specified.

Health and Human Services

[AB 85](#)

[Rodriguez D \(Dist. 52\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

General assistance: employable veterans. Current law requires each county to provide aid to its indigent residents not supported by other means. Current law permits a county to prohibit an employable individual from receiving general assistance benefits for more than 3 months in any 12-month period, whether or not the months are consecutive, if he or she has been offered an opportunity to attend job skills or job training sessions. This bill would, commencing July 1, 2018, exempt from that prohibition an employable veteran who was honorably discharged from the United States Armed Forces, unless the county enacts an ordinance, by July 1, 2018, making the prohibition applicable to an employable veteran who was honorably discharged from the United States Armed Forces.



[AB 105](#)

Committee on Budget

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Human services. Current law requires the Department of Community Services and Development to develop and administer the Energy Efficiency Low-Income Weatherization Program and expend moneys appropriated by the Legislature for the proposes of the program. This bill would require the department, for any appropriation to the department for the Energy Efficiency Low-Income Weatherization Program in the 2017–18 fiscal year, or any fiscal year thereafter, in its contract procurement processes for single-family energy efficiency and renewable energy services, to develop new program processes and solicitations, as specified.

[AB 164](#)

[Arambula D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Food assistance. Would require, on and after July 1, 2018, the State Department of Social Services to develop a mechanism to respond to changing needs for food assistance and to allow the department flexibility to provide nutrition benefits for specific populations. The bill would set forth criteria for the mechanism, including requiring the mechanism to be designed to issue nutrition benefits using EBT and designed in a manner that can target various populations, depending on the purpose of the specific benefit.

[AB 180](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Medi-Cal. Current law requires the State Department of Health Care Services to develop and prepare one or more reports issued on at least a quarterly basis and make the reports public within 30 days for the purpose of informing the California Health and Human Services Agency, the California Health Benefit Exchange, the Legislature, and the public about the enrollment process for all insurance affordability programs. Current law further requires the department to collect the data for these reports pursuant to specified administrative procedures. This bill would require these ongoing reports to be issued on at least a biannual basis and be made public within 90, rather than 30, days.

[AB 227](#)

[Mayes R \(Dist. 42\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

CalWORKs: education incentives. Would, contingent upon the appropriation in the Budget Act of an amount sufficient to carry out the purposes of the bill, as determined by the department, create the CalWORKs Educational Opportunity and Attainment Program. The bill would provide CalWORKs recipients with a monthly education incentive grant of \$100 for attainment of a high school diploma or its equivalent as an ongoing adjustment to the recipient's monthly cash grant, if the recipient meets certain eligibility criteria.

[AB 322](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Public social services for deaf persons. Current law requires the State Department of Social Services, with the advice of persons knowledgeable about the provision of public social services to deaf and hard-of-hearing persons, to establish the criteria for funding public social services for the deaf and hard of hearing. This bill, upon appropriation by the Legislature, would require the department to provide deaf access program services to deaf and hard-of-hearing individuals who reside in a linguistically isolated household, as defined.

[AB 550](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE DESK

State Long-Term Care Ombudsman Program: funding. Current law requires the California Department of Aging to allocate federal and state funds for local ombudsman programs according to a specified distribution, but prohibits the department from allocating less than \$35,000 per fiscal year, except in areas with fewer than 10 facilities and fewer than 500 beds. This bill would increase the base allocation for local ombudsman programs to \$100,000 per fiscal year in any year in which funds are made available for allocation, as specified.



[AB 991](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE DESK

Foster youth: independent living services. Current law designates the State Department of Social Services as supervisor and administrator of public social services, including the Independent Living Program. Current law requires each county department of social services to submit an annual Independent Living Program report to the department, as specified. This bill would require each county department of social services to publish on the county's Internet Web site information regarding all services offered to participants in the Independent Living Program, as specified. The bill would require each county department of social services to annually update that information.

[AB 992](#)

[Arambula D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

CalWORKs: Baby Wellness and Family Support Home Visiting Program. Would establish the Baby Wellness and Family Support Home Visiting Program that would require the State Department of Social Services to allocate funds to counties for the purpose of implementing or contracting with specified early home visiting programs to provide voluntary home visiting programs approved by the department and would authorize the funds to be used to coordinate early home visiting services with, among others, child education and development programs and diaper bank services.

[AB 1092](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Medi-Cal: eyeglasses. Current law provides for a schedule of benefits under the Medi-Cal program, which includes eyeglasses, subject to utilization controls. Current law provides, except as specified, that certain optional Medi-Cal benefits, including, among others, optometric and optician services, are excluded from coverage under the Medi-Cal program. This bill, to the extent federal financial participation is available, any necessary federal approvals are obtained, and funds are appropriated by the Legislature for its purposes, would restore coverage of one pair of eyeglasses provided every 2 years to an individual 21 years of age or older.

[AB 1098](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Child death investigations: review teams. Current law authorizes each county to develop a protocol to be used as a guideline by persons performing autopsies on children to assist coroners and other persons who perform autopsies in the identification of child abuse or neglect, in the determination of whether child abuse or neglect contributed to death or whether child abuse or neglect had occurred prior to but was not the actual cause of death, and in the proper written reporting procedures for child abuse or neglect, including the designation of the cause and mode of death. This bill would require the autopsy-related protocol described above to be developed by the State Department of Public Health, and would authorize the department to consult with the Counties of Los Angeles and Sacramento in developing the protocol. The bill would require the protocol to include data collection, confidentiality, and reporting provisions.

[AB 1268](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Domestic violence and sexual assault: prevention. Would create the Domestic Violence and Sexual Assault Prevention Fund and require that moneys in the fund be used, upon appropriation by the Legislature, to provide grants to nonprofit organizations for the purpose of funding programs that incorporate comprehensive, evidence-based, and promising practices to prevent domestic violence and sexual assault. The bill would require grants to be awarded by the Office of Emergency Services according to criteria for funding that would be established by the office in consultation with practitioners and experts in the field of domestic violence and sexual assault prevention. The bill would require grants to be 3 years in length and for a minimum amount of \$150,000.



[AB 1375](#)

[Dababneh D \(Dist. 0\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Foster care: placements: database. Current law generally provides for the placement of foster youth, and provides for the licensure and regulation by the State Department of Social Services of specified facilities that provide care for foster youth, including foster family agencies and short-term residential therapeutic programs. This bill would require specified placement settings that provide care to dependent children and youth, nonminor dependents, and wards, and other appropriate placements identified by the department, to provide to the department a daily census of available beds and a comprehensive listing of the services provided by the placement setting, as specified.

[AB 1446](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Dependent children: periodic review hearing. Would require, in any case in which a dependent child or nonminor dependent is detained or placed for more than 5 consecutive calendar days in emergency shelter care, a temporary shelter care facility, or a transitional shelter care facility, as defined, or is inappropriately residing in a place that is not a licensed or approved shelter, home, or facility, the court to periodically review the action taken by the social worker to locate a placement consistent with the case plan for the dependent child or nonminor dependent.

[AB 1488](#)

[Thurmond D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

County juvenile transition centers. Current law provides for the supervision of persons discharged from the Division of Juvenile Facilities and from county juvenile facilities by county probation departments and provides funds to the counties for that purpose. This bill would require every county, after consultation with stakeholders, to establish at least one juvenile transition center in the county that would provide housing and services to youth upon release from juvenile correctional facilities.

[AB 1526](#)

[Kalra D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: SENATE DESK

Civil actions: time of commencing. Would prohibit a debt collector from attempting to collect a time-barred debt without providing specified written notices to the debtor indicating that the debtor may not be sued for the debt, but that the debt, depending on its age, may be reported as unpaid to credit reporting agencies, as specified.

[AB 1682](#)

[Burke D \(Dist. 62\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

State government: Department of Justice: Children's Justice Fund. Would create in the State Treasury the Children's Justice Fund for the deposit of penalty moneys that are recovered pursuant to any action or settlement of a claim brought by the Bureau of Children's Justice. Subject to appropriation by the Legislature, the bill would require those moneys to be expended by the bureau for specified purposes.

[AB 1694](#)

[Stone, Mark D \(Dist. 29\)](#)

Location: SENATE HUM. S.

Foster care payments: income. The Aid to Families with Dependent Children-Foster Care (AFDC-FC) program requires foster care providers to be paid a per child per month rate, established by the State Department of Social Services, for the care and supervision of the child placed with the provider. Existing law prohibits foster care payments from being considered income of the foster parent or child for purposes of determining eligibility and benefits for specified state or federal programs unless required by federal law as a condition of the receipt of federal financial participation. This bill would repeal the above-described prohibition on foster care payments from being considered income.



[AB 1892](#)

[Jones-Sawyer D \(Dist. 59\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY HUM. S.

CalFresh. Would require each county human services agency, to the maximum extent permitted by federal law, to provide transitional CalFresh benefits to households terminating their participation in the Cash Assistance Program for Aged, Blind, and Disabled Legal Immigrants or the County Relief, General Relief, or General Assistance program, and to nonminor dependents exiting foster care.

[AB 1952](#)

[Mayes R \(Dist. 42\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Social services: access to food. Would require the State Department of Social Services, the State Department of Public Health, the State Department of Education, and the Department of Food and Agriculture, to develop a plan to end hunger. The bill would require the plan to be distributed to the Legislature no later than January 1, 2020, and would establish criteria for the plan, including that the plan request the Regents of the University of California, and direct the Trustees of the California State University and the Board of Governors of the California Community Colleges, to develop systems that allow EBT cards to be used on their respective campuses, and present a report to the Assembly Select Committee on Campus Climate on the progress that has been made, by March 1, 2019.

[AB 1957](#)

[Berman D \(Dist. 24\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY HUM. S.

Social Services Modernization, Efficiency, and Due Process Protection Act of 2018. Would, to extent permitted by federal law, guidance, or waiver, would authorize applicants for and recipients of public social services to, at any time, affirmatively choose to receive communications and notices of action either electronically only, via United States Postal Service only, or both electronically and via the United States Postal Service, as specified.

[AB 1984](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo D \(Dist. 56\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY A.,E.,S.,T., & I.M.

Museums: California Museums for All. Would establish the California Museums for All program, under the administration of the endowment. The bill would require a museum, as defined, participating in the program to offer free to \$3 admission fees during its normal hours of operation for each person who presents an electronic benefits transfer card and a current and valid photo identification, and up to 3 guests who are accompanying that person.

[AB 1992](#)

[Chu D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

CalWORKs eligibility: immunizations. Would require the head of household for an assistance unit receiving aid to provide the county human services agency with documentation that each child in the assistance unit who is 5 years of age or younger has received all age-appropriate immunizations. The bill would require the county to review the California Immunization Registry before requiring a recipient to provide documentation that the immunization has been performed. The bill would require the county to send notice of the requirement to submit documentation, as specified, to the assistance unit if the county has not verified that those children have been immunized within 45 days of determination or redetermination of eligibility for aid.

[AB 2025](#)

[Maienschein R \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Facilities for the elderly. Current state and federal law provides for various programs to provide services to elderly persons, as specified. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to invest in public-private partnerships to promote the creation or expansion of person-centered, community-based day programs that serve the needs of a broad range of senior citizens.



[AB 2030](#)

[Limón D \(Dist. 37\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

CalWORKs: accommodations. Would require the Department of Social Services to include questions regarding an applicant's need for accommodation due to disability or domestic violence in any amendment or revision to the CalWORKs standard form for initial applications or the semiannual report form adopted on or after January 1, 2019. The bill would also require, if an applicant or recipient requires an accommodation, the county welfare department to include a notice on the first page of the applicant or recipient's file to inform the applicant or recipient's caseworker of his or her need for accommodation.

[AB 2043](#)

[Arambula D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Foster youth: response system. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would build upon the current CCR implementation effort by establishing a response system, as specified, for caregivers of current or former foster youth who are experiencing emotional, behavioral, or other needs that require immediate support. The bill would state the intent of the Legislature to include a statewide hotline in the response system to provide triage and, as appropriate, deploy a mobile and coordinated in-home response.

[AB 2083](#)

[Cooley D \(Dist. 8\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Foster youth: trauma-informed system of care. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would build upon the current CCR implementation effort by, among other things, developing a coordinated and trauma-informed system-of-care approach to better provide care for foster youth, requiring specified agencies to develop and implement local memoranda of understanding to provide care management coordination for child welfare-involved children, youth, and families, and establishing a joint state interagency resolution team to support counties, as specified.

[AB 2111](#)

[Quirk D \(Dist. 20\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

CalWORKs: sponsored noncitizen: indigent exception. Would, to the extent permitted by federal law, regulations, waivers, and directives, authorize a county to renew the 12-month exception period for additional 12-month periods for a sponsored applicant for, or recipient of, CalWORKs benefits who is deemed to meet the indigence requirement, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[AB 2112](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Federal 21st Century Cures Act: community-based crisis response plan: grant. Current federal law, the 21st Century Cures Act, authorizes the United States Secretary of Health and Human Services to award competitive grants to state and local governments and Indian tribes and tribal organizations to enhance community-based crisis response systems that, among other things, promote integration and coordination between local public and private entities engaged in crisis response, such as first responders, health care providers, and behavioral health providers, and addresses gaps in community resources for crisis intervention and prevention. This bill would require the State Department of Health Care Services to develop and submit an application to solicit a grant under the federal authority described above to develop a community-based crisis response plan and would require the grant application to include, at a minimum, a plan for specified objectives.

[AB 2119](#)

[Gloria D \(Dist. 78\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Foster care: gender affirming health care and behavioral health services. Would specify that all minors and nonminors in foster care have the right to have access to gender affirming health care and gender affirming behavioral health care. The bill would, upon the request of a child or nonminor



dependent, or his or her caregiver, attorney, Court Appointed Special Advocate, or social worker, require the county child welfare agency to ensure that the child or nonminor dependent has access to gender affirming health care and gender affirming behavioral health services, which are defined to mean health care or behavioral health services that respect the gender identity of the patient, as specified.

[ACR 77](#)

[Lackey R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Developmental centers. Would express the Legislature's support for reinvesting revenues and cost savings from the closure, sale, and reuse of developmental centers into the community of persons with developmental disabilities, including through creation of a self-sustaining income mechanism to support persons with developmental disabilities and the establishment of a working group to examine the potential sale or reuse of developmental center properties. The measure would express the Legislature's intent that all moneys in the Department of Developmental Services Trust Fund should be allocated for the support of persons with developmental disabilities, as specified.

[HR 67](#)

[Caballero D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Relative to Human Trafficking Awareness Month. This bill would resolve that the Assembly proclaims January 2018 as Human Trafficking Awareness Month in California in order to encourage greater awareness of human trafficking within the State of California, the United States of America, and internationally.

[SB 111](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY BUDGET

Health and human services. Current law requires the State Department of Developmental Services, in consultation with stakeholders, to develop an alternative service delivery model that provides an Individual Choice Budget for obtaining quality services and supports that provides choice and flexibility within a finite budget that, in the aggregate, reduces regional center purchase of service expenditures, reduces reliance on the General Fund, and maximizes federal financial participation. Current law places certain restrictions on the purchase of respite services, based on need and duration, until implementation of the Individual Choice Budget, as specified. AB 107 of the 2017–18 Regular Session would repeal the provision that places restrictions on the purchase of those services. This bill would delay the repeal of that provision until January 1, 2018.

[SB 115](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY BUDGET

Health and human services. Under current law, a county board of supervisors may elect to contract with a nonprofit consortium to provide for the delivery of in-home supportive services, or establish, by ordinance, a public authority to provide for the delivery of in-home supportive services. Current law requires, until January 1, 2020, a specified mediation process to be held if a public authority or nonprofit consortium fails to reach agreement on a bargaining contract with its in-home supportive services workers by January 1, 2018. This bill would clarify that the specified mediation process is required if a public authority or nonprofit consortium and the employee organization have not reached an agreement on a bargaining contract with in-home supportive services workers by January 1, 2018.

[SB 245](#)

[Leyva D \(Dist. 20\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Foster youth: sexual health education. Current law requires a county social worker to create a case plan for foster youth within a specified timeframe after the child is introduced into the foster care system. This bill would require, for youth in foster care 10 years of age and older and for nonminor dependents who are enrolled in high school, the case plan to be updated yearly to indicate that the case management worker has verified that the youth has received comprehensive sexual health education, as specified.



[SB 426](#)

[Pan D \(Dist. 6\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Community-based home visitation pilot program. Would, only until January 1, 2025, establish the Community-Based Home Visitation Program as a pilot program in no more than 3 counties in the state to provide child abuse and neglect prevention and intervention services to families through one family resource center located in each county. The bill would make the implementation of the pilot program subject to appropriation by the Legislature. The bill would require the Office of Child Abuse Prevention of the State Department of Social Services to administer the program, as specified, and would establish various criteria for the selection of the family resource centers through an application process.

[SB 562](#)

[Lara D \(Dist. 33\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

The Healthy California Act. Current law provides for the Medi-Cal program, which is administered by the State Department of Health Care Services, under which qualified low-income individuals receive health care services. The Medi-Cal program is, in part, governed and funded by federal Medicaid program provisions. This bill, the Healthy California Act, would create the Healthy California program to provide comprehensive universal single-payer health care coverage and a health care cost control system for the benefit of all residents of the state.

[SB 931](#)

[Hertzberg D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE PUB. S.

Conservatorships: jails. Would prohibit a conservatorship investigator from considering the custody status of a person who is subject to a conservatorship investigation and who is in the custody of a county jail. The bill would also prohibit a county jail from being considered a suitable or least restrictive alternative placement for a person who is gravely disabled, as defined.

[SB 970](#)

[Atkins D \(Dist. 39\)](#)

Location: SENATE L. & I.R.

Employment: human trafficking awareness. Would amend FEHA to require specified employers to provide at least 20 minutes of prescribed training and education regarding human trafficking awareness to employees who are likely to interact or come into contact with victims of human trafficking, as defined. The bill would establish a schedule for compliance commencing January 1, 2020. The bill would require the Department of Fair Employment and Housing, in the case of an employer violation of the bill's requirements, to issue an order requiring compliance.

[SB 974](#)

[Lara D \(Dist. 33\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Medi-Cal: immigration status: adults. Current law requires individuals under 19 years of age enrolled in restricted-scope Medi-Cal at the time the Director of Health Care Services makes a determination that systems have been programmed for implementation of these provisions, be enrolled in the full scope of Medi-Cal benefits, if otherwise eligible, pursuant to an eligibility and enrollment plan, as specified. Current law makes the effective date of enrollment for those individuals the same day that systems are operational to begin processing new applications pursuant to the director's determination. This bill would extend eligibility for full-scope Medi-Cal benefits to individuals of all ages who are otherwise eligible for those benefits but for their immigration status. The bill would also delete provisions delaying implementation until the director makes the determination described above.

[SB 982](#)

[Mitchell D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

CalWORKs: grant amount. Would declare the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation relating to the CalWORKs grant amount and makes related findings and declarations.



[SB 1026](#)

[Jackson D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Seniors: fall prevention. Would declare the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation relating to fall prevention for seniors.

[SB 1040](#)

[Dodd D \(Dist. 3\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

In-home supportive services: natural disaster resulting in a state of emergency. Would expand the definition of "supportive services" to include all needs and services required during a natural disaster resulting in a declared state of emergency, and authorize, under those same circumstances, a county to allocate additional hours of supportive services, as specified. The bill would require a county to use a void and reissue warrant process for any provider who lost or had damaged an uncashed warrant because of a natural disaster resulting in a state of emergency. The bill would require a county, including a city and county, at the next update to its emergency plan, to integrate and require the assessment and provision of supportive services to IHSS recipients.

[SB 1045](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Conservatorship: chronic homelessness: mental health. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would expand conservatorships to better meet the needs of the most vulnerable individuals who suffer from chronic homelessness accompanied by severe mental illness, drug addiction, repeated commitments, or exceptionally frequent use of emergency medical services. The bill would further state that the new legislation would maintain the many checks and balances necessary to protect individuals with mental illness, as specified, while facilitating their path to permanent housing and necessary supportive services.

[SCR 15](#)

[Gaines R \(Dist. 1\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY RLS.

Human Trafficking Awareness Month. This measure would proclaim the month of January 2017 as Human Trafficking Awareness Month, and encourage certain activities with regard to honoring that month, as specified.

[SJR 15](#)

[Dodd D \(Dist. 3\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY DESK

Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP). This measure would urge the United States Congress to act swiftly to reauthorize the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) for at least 5 years, as specified.

[SR 21](#)

[Skinner D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Relative to World Day of the Fight Against Sexual Exploitation. Would resolve that the Senate condemns trafficking in persons, especially women and children, which constitutes an offense and a serious threat to human dignity and physical integrity, human rights, and development, and hereby recognizes March 4, 2017, as World Day of the Fight Against Sexual Exploitation.

[SR 76](#)

[Skinner D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: SENATE ADOPTED

Relative to Human Trafficking Awareness Month. This bill would proclaims January 2018 as Human Trafficking Awareness Month in California in order to encourage greater awareness of human trafficking within the State of California, the United States of America, and internationally.



Health Care

[AB 251](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Health and care facilities: dialysis clinics. Would, for each fiscal year starting on or after January 1, 2019, require a chronic dialysis clinic to submit a report to the State Department of Public Health detailing the total treatment revenue of the clinic, and the percentages of that total treatment revenue the clinic has expended on direct patient care services costs, health care quality improvements costs, federal and state taxes, facility license fees, and all other costs.

[AB 1963](#)

[Waldron R \(Dist. 75\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Medi-Cal: reimbursement: opioid addiction treatment. Would require the State Department of Health Care Services to increase the Medi-Cal provider reimbursement rates, as specified, for buprenorphine/naloxone combination treatment, or similar treatment services, provided by certified providers, for opioid addiction.

[AB 2122](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Medi-Cal: Blood lead screening tests. Would require the Department of Health Care Services to ensure that a child enrolled in Medi-Cal receives blood lead screening tests at 12 and 24 months of age, and that a child 2 to 6 years of age, inclusive, receives a blood lead screening test if there is no record of a previous test for that child. The bill would require the department to report its progress toward blood lead screening tests for all enrolled children, as specified, annually on its Internet Web site, establish a case management monitoring system, and require health care providers to test enrolled children, as specified.

[SB 910](#)

[Hernandez D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: SENATE HEALTH

Short-term limited duration health insurance. Current law requires an individual health care service health insurance policy to include, at a minimum, coverage for essential health benefits, as defined. These health care coverage market reforms in the individual market do not apply to short-term limited duration health insurance policies offered by a health insurer. This bill, commencing January 1, 2019, would prohibit a health insurer from issuing, selling, renewing, or offering a short-term limited duration health insurance policy, as defined, for health care coverage in this state.

[SR 26](#)

[Hernandez D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: SENATE ADOPTED

Relative to the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act. Would resolve that the Senate affirms its strong support for the Affordable Care Act and calls upon the United States Congress to reject any effort to repeal the Affordable Care Act unless it is simultaneously replaced with an alternative program that meets the standards clearly and consistently articulated by President Trump: that not one American will lose coverage and that coverage will be more affordable and of higher quality for all Americans. The Senate urges Congress to not jeopardize the health of millions of Americans by pushing through irresponsible policy in late-night hearings, but instead allow for comprehensive public review, including evaluations by the Congressional Budget Office and relevant policy committees, so that Americans have the opportunity to offer input and have their concerns heard.

Homelessness

[AB 1406](#)

[Gloria D \(Dist. 78\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Homeless Youth Housing Program. Would establish the Homeless Youth Housing Program to, upon appropriation of funds by the Legislature, award grants to up to 10 recipients, as defined, that



demonstrate the ability to contract with service providers capable of providing housing assistance and supportive services to homeless youth with the goal of transitioning youth towards self-sufficiency.

Position: San Bernardino County Support

[SB 307](#)

[Nguyen R \(Dist. 34\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Postsecondary education: task force: study of student housing insecurity and homelessness. Would request the University of California to convene a task force, consisting of 3 representatives of the University of California selected by the University of California, 3 representatives of the California State University selected by the California State University, and 3 representatives of the California Community Colleges selected by the California Community Colleges. The bill would require one of the representatives selected by each segment to be a student who is currently enrolled at a campus of that segment.

Housing

[AB 62](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Public housing: smoke-free policy. Would require all public housing agencies, as defined, to implement a policy prohibiting the smoking of tobacco products, as defined, in all public housing living units, interior areas, and outdoor areas within 25 feet of public housing and administrative buildings, except in designated smoking areas, by July 30, 2018. The bill would exempt dwelling units in a mixed-finance project from these provisions. The bill would encourage those public housing agencies to adopt a graduated enforcement framework for their smoke-free policies, as specified.

[AB 71](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

Income taxes: credits: low-income housing: farmworker housing. Would, under the law governing the taxation of insurers, the Personal Income Tax Law, and the Corporation Tax Law, for calendar years beginning in 2018, would increase the aggregate housing credit dollar amount that may be allocated among low-income housing projects by an additional \$300,000,000, as specified, and would allocate to farmworker housing projects \$25,000,000 per year of that amount.

[AB 166](#)

[Salas D \(Dist. 32\)](#)

Location: SENATE DESK

Building Homes and Jobs Act: recording fee: hardship refund. Current law authorizes a fee for recording and indexing every instrument, paper, or notice required or permitted by law to be recorded, not to exceed \$10 for the first page and \$3 for each additional page, to reimburse a county for the costs of specified services relating to recording those documents. Current law authorizes various additional recording fees for specified purposes. This bill would authorize a property owner to request a refund based on hardship of a fee, proposed to be imposed by SB 2, if he or she files a claim with the county recorder, in the county in which the fee was collected, that certifies under penalty of perjury that he or she meets specified criteria related to household income and the fee was levied and collected as part of a transaction to a refinance of the property that was the subject of the recording.

[AB 686](#)

[Santiago D \(Dist. 53\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Housing discrimination: affirmatively further fair housing. Would require a public agency to administer its programs and activities relating to housing and community development in a manner to affirmatively further fair housing, and to not take any action that is inconsistent with this obligation. The bill would make it unlawful under the California Fair Employment and Housing Act for a public agency to fail to meet its obligation to affirmatively further fair housing, and would provide that failure would constitute housing discrimination under the act.



[AB 1156](#)

[Ting D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Planning and zoning: housing element. The Planning and Zoning Law requires the housing element to include an analysis and documentation of household characteristics, including level of payment compared to ability to pay, housing characteristics, including overcrowding, and housing stock condition. This bill would require the analysis to include documentation on the percentage of residents who pay more than 30% and more than 50% of their income towards the cost of housing. By increasing the duties of local officials, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

[AB 1423](#)

[Chiu D \(Dist. 17\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Housing: annual reports: charter cities. Current law requires the planning agency of a city or county, after the adoption of a general plan, to investigate and make recommendations to the legislative body of the city or county regarding reasonable and practical means for implementing the general plan or element of the general plan and to provide by April 1 of each year an annual report to the legislative body, the Office of Planning and Research, and the Department of Housing and Community Development that includes, among other things, the status of the plan and progress in its implementation and the progress in meeting its share of regional housing needs, as specified, and local efforts to remove governmental constraints to the maintenance, improvement, and development of housing, as specified. This bill would apply the above report requirement to charter cities.

[AB 1759](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

General plans: housing element: production report: withholding of transportation funds. Would require the Department of Housing and Community Development, on or before June 30, 2022, and on or before June 30 every year thereafter and until June 30, 2051, to review each production report submitted by a city or county in accordance with the provisions as specified to determine whether that city or county has met the applicable minimum production goal for that reporting period. The bill would provide that, if the department determines that a city or county has met its applicable minimum production goal for that reporting period, the department shall, no later than June 30 of that year, submit a certification of that result to the Controller.

[AB 1765](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \(Dist. 65\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

Building Homes and Jobs Act: fee waiver: states of emergency. The Building Homes and Jobs Act, imposes a charge, except as provided, of \$75 to be paid at the time of the recording of every real estate instrument, paper, or notice required or permitted by law to be recorded, per each single transaction per single parcel of real property, not to exceed \$225. Current law requires a county recorder to send revenues from the charge to the controller for deposit into a fund in the State Treasury to be expended for various purposes related to homes and jobs. This bill would waive that charge with regard to any real estate instrument, paper, or notice recorded in connection with real property upon which repairs or reconstruction are taking place as a direct result of a disaster for which the Governor has declared a state of emergency.

[AB 1768](#)

[Steinorth R \(Dist. 40\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

The County of San Bernardino: housing authority: middle-income housing projects. Current law, until January 1, 2022, authorizes a housing authority located in the City of San Diego or the County of Santa Clara to implement a pilot program to develop and finance a middle-income housing project, as defined, if the project receives gap financing, as defined. Existing law requires any gap financing to be approved by the housing authority's legislative body, as provided, and requires the housing authority to provide a report to the Legislature, as specified. This bill would authorize a housing authority in the County of San Bernardino, until January 1, 2022, also to develop and finance a middle-income housing project if it receives gap financing.



[AB 1771](#)

[Bloom D \(Dist. 50\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Regional housing needs assessment. Would express the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would make changes to the process for distributing regional housing needs to various jurisdictions to ensure fairness and the achievement of stated goals regarding housing.

[AB 1778](#)

[Holden D \(Dist. 41\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Affordable housing: San Gabriel Valley: San Bernardino-Riverside metropolitan area. Current law generally sets forth the duties of the Department of Housing and Community Development in promoting the development of affordable housing in the state. This bill would state the intent of the legislature to enact legislation that would provide for the redevelopment of impoverished areas in the San Gabriel Valley and the San Bernardino-Riverside metropolitan area by creating affordable housing opportunities and to establish a novel source of revenue to offset the costs of this program. The bill would also make related findings and declarations.

[AB 1804](#)

[Berman D \(Dist. 24\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY NAT. RES.

California Environmental Quality Act: categorical exemption: infill development. CEQA requires the Office of Planning and Research to prepare and develop, and the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency to certify and adopt, guidelines for the implementation of CEQA. CEQA requires the guidelines to include a list of classes of projects that have been determined not to have a significant effect on the environment and that are required to be exempt from CEQA (categorical exemption). Current guidelines for the implementation of CEQA exempts from the requirements of CEQA infill development meeting certain requirements, including the requirement that the proposed development occurs within city limits. This bill would revise the above-described categorical exemption to include proposed residential and mixed-use housing projects occurring within an unincorporated area of a county.

[AB 1919](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PUB. S.

Price gouging: state of emergency. Would, upon the proclamation or declaration of an emergency as specified, make it a misdemeanor for a person, business, or other entity to increase the monthly rental price advertised, offered or charged for residential housing to an existing or prospective tenant by more than 10% greater than the rental price advertised, offered, or charged by that person, business, or entity within 30 days immediately prior to the date of the proclamation or disaster. The bill would extend the prohibition with regards to housing for any period that the proclamation or declaration is extended.

[AB 1922](#)

[Fong R \(Dist. 34\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY REV. & TAX

California Competitiveness and Innovation Act. Current property tax law provides, pursuant to the authority of a specified provision of the California Constitution, for a homeowners' exemption in the amount of \$7,000 of the full value of a "dwelling," as defined, and authorizes the Legislature to increase this exemption. This bill, beginning with the lien date for the 2019–20 fiscal year, would increase the homeowners' exemption from \$7,000 to \$14,000 of the full value of a dwelling. This bill, for the 2020–21 fiscal year and for each fiscal year thereafter, would also require the county assessor to adjust the amount of the homeowners' exemption by the percentage change in the House Price Index for California for the first 3 quarters of the prior calendar year, as specified.

[AB 1943](#)

[Waldron R \(Dist. 75\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

Manufactured housing: foundation systems: installation: common interest developments. Current law requires an owner or licensed contractor to obtain a building permit from the appropriate enforcement agency to install a manufactured home, mobilehome, or commercial



modular on a foundation system by, among other things, submitting written evidence that the manufactured home, mobilehome, or commercial modular owner owns, holds title to, or is purchasing the real property where the manufactured home, mobilehome, or commercial modular is to be installed. This bill would specify that written evidence that the manufactured home, mobilehome, or commercial modular owner owns a separate interest in a common interest development would be deemed to comply with this requirement.

[AB 2035](#)

[Mullin D \(Dist. 22\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Affordable housing authorities. Current law authorizes a city, county, or city and county to adopt a resolution creating an affordable housing authority with powers limited to providing low- and moderate-income housing and affordable workforce housing, as provided. Current law defines various terms for these purposes, including the term “real property.” This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to the definition of “real property.”

[AB 2071](#)

[Bloom D \(Dist. 50\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Accessory dwelling units: improvements: liability. Would provide that a public entity, including, but not limited to, a city, county, or city and county; public officer, including, but not limited to, a member of the legislative body of a city, county, or city and county; or an employee of a public entity, is not liable for any personal injury, death, property damage, or inverse condemnation, that has arisen from or is related to the use of an accessory dwelling unit and that is proximately caused by any utility system, including, but not limited to, a water system or electrical system equipment, that the public entity owns, operates, or maintains if the legislative body of a local agency has permitted the water, electrical system equipment, or accessory dwelling unit, to remain in the same location as it existed prior to January 1, 2018.

[ACA 11](#)

[Caballero D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY H. & C.D.

California Middle Class Affordable Housing and Homeless Shelter: funding. Would create the California Middle Class Affordable Housing and Homeless Shelter Account in the General Fund for the support of local and state programs that assist in the development or acquisition of housing, as specified. The measure would impose a tax upon all retailers at the rate of 0.25% of the gross receipts of any retailer from the sale of all tangible personal property sold at retail in this state on and after January 1, 2019.

[SB 46](#)

[Leyva D \(Dist. 20\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Mobilehomes: enforcement actions: sunset provision. The Mobilehome Parks Act requires the Department of Housing and Community Development or a city, county, or city and county that assumes responsibility for the enforcement of the act to enter and inspect mobilehome parks with a goal of inspecting at least 5% of the parks each year to ensure enforcement of the act and implementing regulations. Current law also requires an enforcement agency to issue notice to correct a violation and provides for procedures for owners or operators to dispute and appeal violation notices, as specified. Existing law repeals these provisions on January 1, 2019. A violation of these provisions is a misdemeanor. This bill would remove the repeal date of January 1, 2019, and would extend these provisions indefinitely.

[SB 62](#)

[Jackson D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Affordable Senior Housing Act of 2017. Would enact the Affordable Senior Housing Act of 2017, which would establish the Affordable Senior Housing Program within the jurisdiction of the Department of Housing and Community Development. The bill would declare that the purpose of this program is to guide and serve as a catalyst for the development of affordable senior housing and supportive care campuses within this state and would require the director of the department to undertake various actions in implementing this program, including establishing and implementing a process for identifying



and convening public and private stakeholders, assisting program participants in identifying suitable locations and potential sources of public and private funding for the development of affordable senior housing.

[SB 827](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: SENATE T. & H.

Planning and zoning: transit-rich housing bonus. Would authorize a transit-rich housing project to receive a transit-rich housing bonus. The bill would define a transit-rich housing project as a residential development project the parcels of which are all within a 1/2 mile radius of a major transit stop or a 1/4 mile radius of a high-quality transit corridor, as those terms are further defined. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[SB 828](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Land use: housing element. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would, among other things, require the department to take certain actions relating to unmet housing needs, including completing a comprehensive assessment on unmet need for each region and including the results of the assessment in regional allocations for the next housing element cycle.

[SB 831](#)

[Wieckowski D \(Dist. 10\)](#)

Location: SENATE T. & H.

Land use: accessory dwelling units. The Planning and Zoning Law authorizes a local agency to provide by ordinance for the creation of accessory dwelling units in single-family and multifamily residential zones and sets forth standards the ordinance is required to impose, including, among others, maximum unit size, parking, and height standards. Current law authorizes a local agency, special district, or water corporation to require a new or separate utility connection between the accessory dwelling unit and the utility and authorizes a fee to be charged, except as specified. Current law requires a local agency to submit an ordinance adopted for the creation of accessory dwelling units to the Department of Housing and Community Development and authorizes the department to review and comment on the ordinance. This bill would delete the requirement that the area be zoned to allow single-family or multifamily use.

[SB 1010](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Parolees: Supportive Housing Pilot Program. Would require the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, on or before January 1, 2020, to create the Supportive Housing Pilot Program, which would establish a process and timeline for finalizing a memorandum of understanding with one or more counties in which the department would agree to use current funding to, among other things, refer eligible parolees to participating counties for mental health treatment, housing navigation services, and supportive housing services, and to use remaining resources, as specified, to pay for bridge rental assistance, as defined, and services in supportive housing during the program participant's term of parole.

IHSS

[AB 106](#)

[Ting D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Public social services: 1991 Realignment Legislation and IHSS Maintenance of Effort and collective bargaining. Would revise and recast provisions relating to 1991 Realignment Legislation and the County IHSS MOE. Among other things, the bill would eliminate the existing County IHSS MOE and instead implement a new cost sharing arrangement between the state and counties, as specified. The bill would establish a statewide total County IHSS MOE base for these purposes, as specified, and establish a process for determining each county's share of that amount. The bill would appropriate moneys from the General Fund to offset a portion of IHSS costs incurred by the counties.



[AB 237](#)

[Gonzalez Fletcher D \(Dist. 80\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

In-home supportive services. Current law specifies that providers of in-home supportive services and waiver personal care services have bimonthly payroll periods. This bill would instead specify that a “payroll period” means 2 workweeks.

Immigration

[AB 3](#)

[Bonta D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE PUB. S.

Crimes: repeat offenders and recidivism reduction. The Safe Neighborhoods and Schools Act, enacted as an initiative statute by Proposition 47, as approved by the voters at the November 4, 2014, statewide general election, makes the theft of money, labor, or property petty theft, punishable as a misdemeanor, whenever the value of the property taken does not exceed \$950. This bill would make it a crime for a person to, on more than one occasion within any 180-day period, acting in concert with 2 or more other persons, receive, purchase, or possess merchandise knowing or believing it to have been stolen from a merchant’s premises, if the aggregated value of such merchandise received, purchased, or possessed over the 180-day period exceeds \$1,500. The bill would make this crime punishable as a misdemeanor or a felony.

[HR 15](#)

[Gomez D \(Dist. 0\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY ADOPTED

Relative to United States immigration policy. Relative to United States immigration policy.

[SJR 1](#)

[Vidak R \(Dist. 14\)](#)

Location: SENATE JUD.

Immigration. This measure would urge Congress and the President of the United States to work together to create a comprehensive and workable approach to reform the nation’s immigration system according to specified principles.

[SR 7](#)

[De León D \(Dist. 24\)](#)

Location: SENATE ADOPTED

Relative to immigration. Would resolve that the Senate condemns in the strongest terms bigoted, racist, or misinformed descriptions of the immigrant community that serve only to foment hatred and violence. The Senate supports a comprehensive and workable approach to solving our nation’s historically broken immigration system. The Senate implores the President-elect and Congress to develop rational immigration policies that recognize the contributions of immigrants to the nation, protects the economy, and are just and humane to immigrant families and children.

[SR 16](#)

[De León D \(Dist. 24\)](#)

Location: SENATE ADOPTED

Relative to immigration. WHEREAS, President Donald J. Trump signed an executive order on January 27, 2017, that desecrates our American values and panders to fears and nativist instincts that have resulted in some of our nation’s most shameful acts. Resolved by the Senate of the State of California, That the Senate condemns this executive order as a discriminatory overreach that illegally targets immigrants based on their national origin and religion, and urges the President of the United States to immediately rescind the executive order.

Land Use

[AB 1792](#)

[Frazier D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Local government: municipal improvement and restoration projects. Current law authorizes the legislative body of a city or a county to establish an enhanced infrastructure financing district to finance



public capital facilities or other specified projects of communitywide significance. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would provide local governments with resources and streamlining for municipal improvements and restoration projects.

[SB 277](#)

[Bradford D \(Dist. 35\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

Land use: zoning regulations. The Planning and Zoning Law authorizes the legislative body of any city or county to adopt ordinances regulating zoning within its jurisdiction, as specified. This bill would additionally authorize the legislative body of any city or county to adopt ordinances to require, as a condition of development of residential rental units, that the development include a certain percentage of residential rental units affordable to, and occupied by, moderate-income, lower income, very low income, or extremely low income households, as specified.

[SB 827](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: SENATE T. & H.

Planning and zoning: transit-rich housing bonus. Would authorize a transit-rich housing project to receive a transit-rich housing bonus. The bill would define a transit-rich housing project as a residential development project the parcels of which are all within a 1/2 mile radius of a major transit stop or a 1/4 mile radius of a high-quality transit corridor, as those terms are further defined. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[SB 828](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Land use: housing element. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would, among other things, require the department to take certain actions relating to unmet housing needs, including completing a comprehensive assessment on unmet need for each region and including the results of the assessment in regional allocations for the next housing element cycle.

[SB 831](#)

[Wieckowski D \(Dist. 10\)](#)

Location: SENATE T. & H.

Land use: accessory dwelling units. The Planning and Zoning Law authorizes a local agency to provide by ordinance for the creation of accessory dwelling units in single-family and multifamily residential zones and sets forth standards the ordinance is required to impose, including, among others, maximum unit size, parking, and height standards. Current law authorizes a local agency, special district, or water corporation to require a new or separate utility connection between the accessory dwelling unit and the utility and authorizes a fee to be charged, except as specified. Current law requires a local agency to submit an ordinance adopted for the creation of accessory dwelling units to the Department of Housing and Community Development and authorizes the department to review and comment on the ordinance. This bill would delete the requirement that the area be zoned to allow single-family or multifamily use.

[SB 893](#)

[Nguyen R \(Dist. 34\)](#)

Location: SENATE T. & H.

Planning and zoning: density bonus. Would delete these additional vehicular parking ratio provisions. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Law and Justice / Courts

[AB 229](#)

[Baker R \(Dist. 16\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Human trafficking: vertical prosecution program. Current law establishes the Office of Emergency Services, which is required to, among other things, allocate and award funds to communities developing and providing ongoing citizen involvement and crime resistance programs. This bill would require the office, to the extent funds are available for this purpose and until January 1, 2022, to allocate and award funds to up to 11 district attorney offices that employ a vertical prosecution



methodology for the prosecution of human trafficking crimes and that meet other specified criteria, including minimum staffing levels for the program.

[AB 2036](#)

[Gipson D \(Dist. 64\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Criminal law: protective orders. Current law authorizes a court with jurisdiction over a criminal matter to issue certain protective orders after notice and a hearing. This bill would extend that authority to a court with jurisdiction over certain juvenile delinquency matters and would prescribe the maximum effective period for issuing an order to restrain a juvenile, as specified. The bill would require the judicial council to promulgate new protocols and develop new forms to carry out these new provisions on or before January 1, 2020.

[SB 8](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Diversion: mental disorders. Would authorize a court, with the consent of the defendant and a waiver of the defendant's speedy trial right, to postpone prosecution of a misdemeanor or a felony punishable in a county jail, and place the defendant in a pretrial diversion program for up to 2 years if the court is satisfied the defendant suffers from a mental disorder, that the defendant's mental disorder played a significant role in the commission of the charged offense, and that the defendant would benefit from mental health treatment.

[SB 38](#)

[Roth D \(Dist. 31\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY DESK

Courts: judgeships. Current law specifies the number of judges for the superior court of each county and for each division of each district of the court of appeal. Current law provides that the Court of Appeal for the 4th Appellate District consists of 3 divisions. Current law requires that one of these divisions hold its regular sessions in the San Bernardino/Riverside area and further requires this division to have 7 judges. This bill would increase the number of judges in the division of the Court of Appeal for the 4th Appellate District located in the San Bernardino/Riverside area to 8 judges.

[SB 185](#)

[Hertzberg D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Crimes: infractions. Existing law requires a court, in any case when a person appears before a traffic referee or judge of the superior court for adjudication of a violation of the Vehicle Code, upon request of the defendant, to consider the defendant's ability to pay, as specified. This bill would require the court, in any case involving an infraction filed with the court, to determine whether the defendant is indigent for purposes of determining what portion of the statutory amount of any associated fine, fee, assessment, or other financial penalties the person can afford to pay.

[SB 439](#)

[Mitchell D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Jurisdiction of the juvenile court. Current law places a person who is under 18 years of age when he or she violates any law of this state or of the United States or specified ordinances of any city or county of this state to be within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court. Current law authorizes a juvenile court to adjudicate a person under these circumstances to be a ward of the court. This bill would modify the ages that a person must be to fall within the jurisdiction of the juvenile court or adjudged a ward of the court under these circumstances to be between 12 years of age and 17 years of age, inclusive.

Libraries

[SCA 3](#)

[Dodd D \(Dist. 3\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Local government financing: public libraries: voter approval. Would create an additional exception to the 1% limit for a rate imposed by a city, county, city and county, or special district to service bonded indebtedness incurred to fund public library facilities, that is approved by 55% of the



voters of the city, county, city and county, or special district, as applicable, if the proposition meets specified requirements. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Parks

[AB 18](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo](#) D (Dist. 56)

Location: SENATE APPR.

California Clean Water, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018. Under current law, programs have been established pursuant to bond acts for, among other things, the development and enhancement of state and local parks and recreational facilities. This bill would enact the California Clean Water, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in an amount of \$3,470,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a clean water, climate, coastal protection, and outdoor access for all program.

[AB 1330](#)

[Reyes](#) D (Dist. 47)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Park property: Ayala Park. Would authorize the Bloomington Recreation and Park District to dispose of property used for park purposes at Ayala Park that was acquired with the grant moneys from the above acts, subject to the acquisition of property of equal or greater recreation value, as approved by the Department of Parks and Recreation, and at no cost to the state, as provided.

Position: San Bernardino County Sponsor

Privacy & Security

[SB 327](#)

[Jackson](#) D (Dist. 19)

Location: ASSEMBLY DESK

Information privacy: connected devices. Would require a manufacturer that sells or offers to sell a connected device to a consumer in this state, defined as any device, sensor, or other physical object that is capable of connecting to the Internet, directly or indirectly, or to another connected device, to equip the device with reasonable security features appropriate to the nature of the device and the information it may collect, contain, or transmit, that protect it from unauthorized access, destruction, use, modification, or disclosure.

Public Health

[AB 182](#)

[Waldron](#) R (Dist. 75)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Heroin and Opioid Public Education (HOPE) Act. Would require the State Department of Health Care Services, in consultation with stakeholders, to develop, coordinate, implement, and oversee a comprehensive multicultural public awareness campaign, to be known as "Heroin and Opioid Public Education (HOPE)," upon appropriation by the Legislature or receipt of state or federal grant funding, until January 1, 2023. The bill would require the HOPE program to provide for the coordinated and widespread public dissemination of individual case stories and other generalized information that focuses on, among other things, describing the effects and warning signs of heroin use and opioid medication and identifying available pathways for individuals seeking help.

[AB 186](#)

[Eggman](#) D (Dist. 13)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Controlled substances: safer drug consumption program. Would, until January 1, 2022, authorize specified counties or cities within those counties to authorize the operation of supervised injection services programs for adults that satisfies specified requirements, including, among other things, a hygienic space supervised by health care professionals, as defined, where people who use drugs can consume preobtained drugs, sterile consumption supplies, and access to referrals to substance use



disorder treatment. The bill would require any entity operating a program under its provisions to provide an annual report to the city, county, or city and county, as specified.

[AB 626](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo D \(Dist. 56\)](#)

Location: SENATE DESK

California Retail Food Code: microenterprise home kitchen operations. The California Retail Food Code establishes uniform health and sanitation standards for retail food facilities for regulation by the State Department of Public Health, and requires local enforcement agencies to enforce these provisions. This bill would, among other things, include a microenterprise home kitchen operation within the definition of a food facility, and would define a microenterprise home kitchen operation to mean a food facility that is operated by a resident in a private home where food is prepared for a consumer and that meets specified requirements, including, among others, that the operation has no more than one full-time equivalent food employee and has no more than \$50,000 in verifiable gross annual sales.

Position: San Bernardino County Oppose

[AB 823](#)

[Chau D \(Dist. 49\)](#)

Location: SENATE APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Edible cannabis products: labeling. Would amend the Control, Regulate and Tax Adult Use of Marijuana Act by requiring the universal symbol required to be on edible cannabis product not sold as a liquid, loose bulk good, or powder to meet specified requirements, including that the symbol be placed directly on at least one side of each serving so as to be distinguishable and easily recognizable as well as size and placement requirements. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[AB 1136](#)

[Eggman D \(Dist. 13\)](#)

Location: SENATE HEALTH

Health facilities: residential mental or substance use disorder treatment. Would require the State Department of Public Health to develop and submit a proposal to solicit a grant under the federal 21st Century Cures Act to develop a real-time, Internet-based database to collect, aggregate, and display information about beds in inpatient psychiatric facilities, crisis stabilization units, residential community mental health facilities, and licensed residential substance use disorder treatment facilities.

[AB 1893](#)

[Maienschein R \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Maternal mental health: federal funding. Current law requires the State Department of Public Health to develop and maintain a statewide community-based comprehensive perinatal services program to, among other program objectives, ensure the appropriate level of maternal, newborn, and pediatric care services necessary to provide the healthiest outcome for mother and infant. This bill would require the department to investigate and apply for federal funding opportunities regarding maternal mental health, as specified, and to prepare a report to the Legislature on or before January 1, 2020, on how the department plans to use the federal funding it receives.

[AB 1964](#)

[Maienschein R \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Organized camps. Current law requires the State Public Health Officer to establish rules and regulations establishing minimum standards for organized camps, and regulations governing the operation of organized camps that he or she determines are necessary to protect the health and safety of the campers. Current law establishes minimum standards for the operation, regulation, and enforcement of organized camps, as defined. This bill would recast those provisions and instead define an "organized camp" to include an "organized resident camp" and an "organized day camp," as specified, that provides activities that promote environmental awareness and education for children under 18 years of age or adults with activity limitations or participation restrictions.



[AB 2029](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo D \(Dist. 56\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Public health. Current law requires the Office of Health Equity to develop department wide plans to close the gaps in health status and access to care among the state's diverse racial and ethnic communities, women, persons with disabilities, and the lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, queer, and questioning communities, as specified. Current law requires the office in developing and implementing the plans to consult with, and disseminate information to, those groups. This bill would additionally require the plans to close the gaps in health status and access to care among immigrants and would require the office in developing and implementing the plans to consult with, and disseminate information to, immigrants, in addition to those other groups.

[SB 212](#)

[Jackson D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Medical waste. Current law, the Medical Waste Management Act, administered by the State Department of Public Health, regulates the management and handling of medical waste, as defined. This bill add to the act a definition of "home-generated pharmaceutical waste" as a prescription or over-the-counter human or veterinary home-generated pharmaceutical that is waste and is derived from a household, including, but not limited to, a multifamily residence or household.

[SB 221](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY DESK

Criminal fines: HIV prevention and education programs. Current law allows a judge to assess an additional fine in an amount not to exceed \$70 against a person who violates specified sex offenses or controlled substance offenses. Former law, repealed as of January 1, 2018, required that \$50 of this fine be deposited in a special account in the county treasury to be used exclusively to pay for the reasonable costs of establishing and providing an AIDS education program under the direction of the county health department. This bill would authorize counties with funds collected pursuant to the above provision as it read on December 31, 2017, to expend the unencumbered balance of those funds on general HIV prevention and education programs.

[SB 794](#)

[Stern D \(Dist. 27\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY HEALTH

Edible marijuana products: labeling and packaging. Would require each single serving of an edible marijuana product to be stamped, marked, or otherwise imprinted directly on the product with a universal symbol that is designed by the Bureau of Marijuana Control. The bill would specify the required size and visibility of the universal symbol. The bill would require edible marijuana products to be sold in packaging that is tamperproof, child resistant, and, if the product contains more than one serving, resealable. AUMA authorizes the Legislature to amend, by a 2/3 vote, certain provisions of the act, provided that the amendments are consistent with, and further the purposes and intent of, the act.

Public Lands

[AB 1775](#)

[Muratsuchi D \(Dist. 66\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY NAT. RES.

State lands: leasing: oil and gas. Would prohibit the State Lands Commission and the local trustees of granted public trust lands from entering into any new lease or other conveyance or from entering into any lease renewal, extension, or modification that authorizes a lessee to engage in new or additional exploration, development, or production of oil or natural gas upon lands owned by the state and under the jurisdiction of the commission that are located seaward of the ordinary high water mark for tidal waterways and the ordinary low water mark for navigable nontidal waterways that would result in the increase of oil or natural gas production from federal waters.



[SB 834](#)

[Jackson D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: SENATE N.R. & W.

State lands: leasing: oil and gas. Would prohibit the commission and the local trustees of granted public trust lands from entering into any new lease or other conveyance or from entering into any lease renewal, extension, or modification that authorizes a lessee to engage in new or additional exploration, development, or production of oil or natural gas upon lands owned by the state and under the jurisdiction of the commission that are located seaward of the ordinary high water mark for tidal waterways and the ordinary low water mark for navigable nontidal waterways that would result in the increase of oil or natural gas production from federal waters.

[SB 953](#)

[Anderson R \(Dist. 38\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Off-highway motor vehicles. Current law, the Chappie-Z'berg Off-Highway Motor Vehicle Law of 1971, generally specifies which lands are available for use by off-highway motor vehicles, as defined, and the operating rules of those vehicles. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would clarify operating rules for off-highway motor vehicles.

Public Safety

[AB 6](#)

[Obernolte R \(Dist. 33\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

The Financial Information System for California (FISCAl) Act: transparency component. Current law, the Financial Information System for California (FISCAl) Act, establishes a single integrated financial management system for the state. The act requires the system to include a state transparency component that allows the public to have information regarding General Fund and federal fund expenditure data, using an Internet Web site. This bill would enact the Budget Transparency Act of 2017. The bill would modify the transparency component of the system described above to require it to have information regarding all state expenditures, including the amount, the type, and a description of each state expenditure

[AB 222](#)

[Bocanegra D \(Dist. 0\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

False documents. Current law, added by Proposition 187, which was approved by the voters at the November 8, 1994, statewide general election, makes it a felony to manufacture or distribute false documents to conceal the true citizenship or resident alien status of another person. Proposition 187 also makes it a felony for a person to use false documents to conceal his or her true citizenship or resident alien status. The California Constitution authorizes the Legislature to amend an initiative statute by another statute that becomes effective only when approved by the electors. This bill would amend Proposition 187 by repealing the above-referenced crimes.

[AB 270](#)

[Gallagher R \(Dist. 3\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Restraining orders: witness. Would require the court to consider issuing an order restraining a criminal defendant who has been convicted of a crime involving domestic violence from any contact with a minor who was not a victim of, but who was physically present at the time of, an act of domestic violence. The bill would provide that the minor, under those circumstances, is a witness. The bill would make conforming changes relating to the stated intent of the Legislature.

[AB 284](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Department of Justice: officer-involved shootings: report. Would, contingent upon the appropriation of funding by the Legislature, require the Department of Justice to conduct a study of all or a sample of peace officer-involved shootings resulting in death or serious injury that occurred in California between January 1, 2015, and December 31, 2016. The bill would require the department to



prepare a written report describing its findings and recommendations and make the report available to the public.

[AB 748](#)

[Ting D \(Dist. 19\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Peace officers: video and audio recordings: disclosure. The California Public Records Act requires that public records, as defined, be available to the public for inspection and made promptly available to any person. Current law makes records of investigations conducted by any state or local police agency exempt from these requirements. Current law requires specified information regarding the investigation of crimes to be disclosed to the public unless disclosure would endanger the safety of a person involved in an investigation or would endanger the successful completion of the investigation. This bill would, notwithstanding the above provisions, allow a video or audio recording that relates to a matter of public concern because it depicts an incident involving a peace officer's use of force, or is reasonably believed to involve a violation of law or agency policy by a peace officer, to be withheld for a maximum of 120 calendar days if disclosure would substantially impede an active investigation.

[AB 1488](#)

[Thurmond D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

County juvenile transition centers. Current law provides for the supervision of persons discharged from the Division of Juvenile Facilities and from county juvenile facilities by county probation departments and provides funds to the counties for that purpose. This bill would require every county, after consultation with stakeholders, to establish at least one juvenile transition center in the county that would provide housing and services to youth upon release from juvenile correctional facilities.

[AB 1940](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PUB. S.

Parole: reintegration credits. Current law authorizes the Board of Parole Hearings to establish and enforce rules and regulations governing parole. Existing regulations prohibit a parolee from traveling more than 50 miles from his or her residence without the approval of a parole agent. This bill would create a program under which the length of a parolee's period of parole may be reduced through the successful completion of specified education, training, or treatment programs, by participating in volunteer service, and by adhering to the conditions of parole. The bill would also increase the 50-mile travel restriction for a parolee who successfully participates in the program, subject to certain restrictions.

[AB 1994](#)

[Cervantes D \(Dist. 60\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Sex offenders: county or local custodial facilities. Current law requires specified sex offenders to register with local law enforcement within five working days of coming into, or changing his or her residence within, a city, county, or city and county. If the person's new address is in a Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation facility or state mental institution, existing law requires an official of the institution to forward the registrant's change of address information to the Department of Justice within 90 days. This bill would instead require the change of address to be forwarded within 15 working days of receipt of the person.

[AB 2010](#)

[Chau D \(Dist. 49\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Juvenile facilities: chemical agents. Would prohibit an officer or employee of a juvenile facility, as defined, from possessing any chemical agent, as defined, in a juvenile facility. The bill would allow pepper spray to be used in a juvenile facility as a last resort when necessary to suppress a riot when authorized by a juvenile facility administrator or designee. The bill would require that all use of pepper spray be documented, as provided.



[SB 10](#)

[Hertzberg D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY APPR.

Bail: pretrial release. Would declare the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would safely reduce the number of people detained pretrial, while addressing racial and economic disparities in the pretrial system, and to ensure that people are not held in pretrial detention simply because of their inability to afford money bail. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[SB 21](#)

[Hill D \(Dist. 13\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Law enforcement agencies: surveillance: policies. Would, beginning July 1, 2018, require each law enforcement agency, as defined, to submit to its governing body at a regularly scheduled hearing, open to the public, a proposed Surveillance Use Policy for the use of each type of surveillance technology and the information collected, as specified. The bill would require the law enforcement agency to cease using the surveillance technology within 30 days if the proposed plan is not adopted. The bill would require the law enforcement agency to submit an amendment to the surveillance plan, pursuant to the same open meeting requirements, for each new type of surveillance technology sought to be used.

[SB 87](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY BUDGET

Public safety: omnibus. Would require that whenever a judgment, including any consent judgment, decree, or settlement agreement that has been approved by the court, in a class action provides for the payment of money to members of the class, any unpaid cash residue or unclaimed or abandoned class member funds be distributed in accordance with its provisions, unless the court makes a specific finding. The bill would require the court to set a date when the parties must submit a report to the court regarding a plan for the distribution of these funds.

[SB 215](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY DESK

Diversion: mental disorders. Would authorize a court, with the consent of the defendant and a waiver of the defendant's speedy trial right, to postpone prosecution of a misdemeanor or a felony punishable in a county jail, and place the defendant in a pretrial diversion program for up to 2 years if the court is satisfied the defendant suffers from a mental disorder, that the defendant's mental disorder played a significant role in the commission of the charged offense, and that the defendant would benefit from mental health treatment. For specified offenses, the bill would condition granting diversion on the consent of the prosecution.

[SB 237](#)

[Hertzberg D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY TRANS.

Crimes: Infractions. Prior to June 27, 2017, a court was authorized to notify the Department of Motor Vehicles when a person has failed to appear or failed to pay a fine or bail, with respect to various violations relating to vehicles. Current law requires the department to suspend, and prohibits the department from issuing or renewing, a person's driver's license upon receipt of one of those notices, as specified. This bill would invalidate any suspension placed on a driver's license pursuant to that law and, on or before July 1, 2018, require the department to remove any suspension imposed before June 27, 2017, for failure to make specified payments.

[SB 421](#)

[Wiener D \(Dist. 11\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Sex offenders: registration: criminal offender record information systems. Current law requires the Department of Justice to make available to the public information concerning registered sex offenders on an Internet Web site, as specified. Current law requires that information to include, among other things, whether the offender was subsequently incarcerated for another felony. Current law also authorizes a person to file an application for exclusion from the Internet Web site and establishes the requirements for exclusion. This bill would, commencing January 1, 2021, instead



establish 3 tiers of registration based on specified criteria, for periods of at least 10 years, at least 20 years, and life, respectively, for a conviction of specified sex offenses, and 5 years and 10 years for tiers one and two, respectively, for an adjudication as a ward of the juvenile court for specified sex offenses, as specified.

[SB 1010](#)

[Beall D \(Dist. 15\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Parolees: Supportive Housing Pilot Program. Would require the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, on or before January 1, 2020, to create the Supportive Housing Pilot Program, which would establish a process and timeline for finalizing a memorandum of understanding with one or more counties in which the department would agree to use current funding to, among other things, refer eligible parolees to participating counties for mental health treatment, housing navigation services, and supportive housing services, and to use remaining resources, as specified, to pay for bridge rental assistance, as defined, and services in supportive housing during the program participant's term of parole.

Public Utilities

[AB 1959](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY C. & C.

Telecommunications: universal service programs. Current law, until January 1, 2019, requires the Public Utilities Commission to develop, implement, and maintain a suitable program to establish a fair and equitable local rate structure aided by universal service rate support to small independent telephone corporations that serve rural areas and are subject to rate-of-return regulation by the commission (the CHCF-A program). Current law, until January 1, 2019, requires the commission to develop, implement, and maintain a suitable, competitively neutral, and broad-based program to establish a fair and equitable local rate support structure aided by universal service rate support to telephone corporations serving areas where the cost of providing services exceeds rates charged by providers, as determined by the commission (the CHCF-B program). This bill would extend the CHCF-A program and CHCF-B program requirements to January 1, 2023.

[AB 1995](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo D \(Dist. 56\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Local publicly owned electric and gas utilities: weatherization. Would require the Public Utilities Commission to direct an electrical or gas corporation to provide as many of the specified measures as are feasible and cost effective for each eligible low-income dwelling unit, and provides that weatherization may also include water conservation measures that result in energy savings determined by the utility to be feasible, in consideration of both the cost-effectiveness of the services and the public policy of reducing financial hardships facing low-income households.

[AB 1999](#)

[Chau D \(Dist. 49\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Local government: public broadband services. Would, except as provided, prohibit a local agency that is authorized to engage in the provision of broadband Internet access service, as defined, in the state from taking certain actions regarding the accessing of content on the Internet by end users. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[SB 460](#)

[De León D \(Dist. 24\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY DESK

Communications: broadband Internet access service. The Consumers Legal Remedies Act, makes unlawful certain unfair methods of competition and unfair or deceptive acts or practices undertaken by any person in a transaction intended to result or which results in the sale or lease of goods or services to any consumer. This bill would revise the act to prohibit specified actions by an Internet service provider, as defined, that provides broadband Internet access service, as defined, and make a violation of those prohibitions subject to the remedies available pursuant to the act.



Registrar of Voters

[AB 216](#)

[Gonzalez Fletcher D \(Dist. 80\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Vote by mail ballots: identification envelopes: prepaid postage. Current law provides for the procedures by which a voter may apply for and receive a vote by mail ballot. Current law requires the elections official to deliver to each qualified applicant the ballot for the precinct in which the applicant resides and all supplies necessary for the use and return of the ballot. This bill would clarify that the elections official is required to deliver to each qualified applicant an identification envelope for the return of the vote by mail ballot and would require the identification envelope to have prepaid postage.

[ACA 10](#)

[Low D \(Dist. 28\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY RECONSIDERATION

Elections: voter qualifications. The California Constitution allows a United States citizen who is at least 18 years of age and a resident of California to vote. This measure would reduce the minimum voting age to 17.

[SB 24](#)

[Portantino D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

Political Reform Act of 1974: economic interest disclosure. The Political Reform Act of 1974 requires the disclosures to include a statement indicating, within a specified value range, the fair market value of investments or interests in real property and the aggregate value of income received from each reportable source. This bill would revise the dollar amounts associated with these ranges to provide for 8 total ranges of fair market value of investments and real property interests and 10 total ranges of aggregate value of income.

[SB 348](#)

[Leyva D \(Dist. 20\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

County voter information guide: taxpayer notice. Would require, if a local special tax measure is presented to the voters for approval, an elections official to include in the county voter information guide for that election a notice regarding the process for initiating a validation action challenging the levy of a special tax. The notice would be required to conform with certain formatting, print, and type requirements and would include language notifying taxpayers of the 60-day filing requirement for challenging the imposition of a special tax. By imposing new duties on local elections officials, the bill would create a state-mandated local program.

[SB 759](#)

[McGuire D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY DESK

Elections: vote by mail ballots. Current law requires an elections official, upon receipt of a vote by mail ballot, to compare the signature on the identification envelope with either the signature appearing on the voter's affidavit of registration, or the signature appearing on a form issued by an elections official that contains the voter's signature and that is part of the voter's registration record. Current law provides that, if the elections official determines that the signatures do not compare, the identification envelope shall not be opened and the ballot shall not be counted. This bill would eliminate the prohibition on counting the ballot and would instead require the elections official to offer the voter an opportunity to verify his or her signature before certification of the election.

Renewable Energy

[AB 271](#)

[Caballero D \(Dist. 30\)](#)

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Property Assessed Clean Energy program. Would authorize the county tax collector to direct the county auditor to remove a delinquent installment based on a PACE assessment from the county's tax rolls, if it arises from a contract entered into on or after January 1, 2018. The bill would require the



county tax collector, immediately upon that removal and for each parcel for which the delinquent installment was removed, to provide notice on the tax rolls of the removal. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Retirement

[AB 283](#)

[Cooper D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

County employees' retirement: permanent incapacity. The County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 provides that a member who is permanently incapacitated shall be retired for disability despite age if, among other conditions, the member's incapacity is a result of injury or disease arising out of and in the course of the member's employment, and that employment contributes substantially to that incapacity or the member has completed 5 years of service and not waived retirement in respect to the particular incapacity or aggravation thereof, as specified. This bill would require, for purposes of determining permanent incapacity of certain members employed as peace officers, that those members be evaluated by the retirement system to determine if they can perform all of the usual and customary duties of a peace officer, as specified.

Risk Management

[AB 1749](#)

[Daly D \(Dist. 69\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY INS.

Workers' compensation: off-duty peace officer. Would provide that whenever any peace officer is injured, dies, or is disabled from performing his duties as a peace officer by reason of engaging in the apprehension or attempted apprehension of law violators or suspected law violators within or out of the state, or protection or preservation of life or property within or out of the state, or the preservation of the peace anywhere in this state, but is not at the time acting under the immediate direction of his employer, he or his dependents shall be accorded by his employer all of the same benefits the peace officer or his dependents would have received had that peace officer been acting under the immediate direction of his employer.

Schools

[AB 185](#)

[O'Donnell D \(Dist. 70\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

School attendance: pupil transfer options: school districts of choice. Current law authorizes the governing board of a school district to accept pupils from other school districts by adopting a resolution to become a school district of choice, as defined, in accordance with specified procedural requirements and limitations. Current law makes the school district of choice program inoperative on July 1, 2017, and repeals the program on January 1, 2018. This bill would authorize a school district of choice established pursuant to the school district of choice program to continue to operate for pupils enrolled in the program on or before June 30, 2017.

[AB 406](#)

[McCarty D \(Dist. 7\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Charter schools: operation. The Charter Schools Act of 1992 provides for the establishment and operation of a charter school and authorizes a charter school to elect to operate as, or be operated by, a nonprofit public benefit corporation, as specified. This bill, on and after January 1, 2019, would prohibit a petitioner that submits a charter petition for the establishment of a charter school or a charter school that submits a charter renewal or material revision application from operating as, or being operated by, a for-profit corporation, a for-profit educational management organization, or a for-profit charter management organization.



[AB 834](#)

[O'Donnell D \(Dist. 70\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

School-based health programs. Would require the State Department of Education to, no later than July 1, 2018, establish an Office of School-Based Health Programs for the purpose of, among other things, administering health-related programs under the purview of the State Department of Education and advising on issues related to the delivery of school-based Medi-Cal services in the state. The bill would authorize the office to form additional advisory groups, as specified, and would require the State Department of Education to make available to the office any information on other school-based dental, health, and mental health programs.

[AB 1887](#)

[Medina D \(Dist. 61\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY HIGHER ED.

Public education governance: service on boards and commissions. Current law specifies the civil executive officers of the state. Current law provides that a person is incapable of holding a civil office if, at the time of his or her election or appointment, he or she is not 18 years of age and a citizen of the state. This bill would authorize any pupil attending a California public secondary school who is under the age of 18 years to serve on any board or commission that includes members who are pupils or minors and is established under specified portions of the Education Code that relate to public elementary and secondary education and that includes members who are pupils or minors.

[AB 1951](#)

[O'Donnell D \(Dist. 70\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY ED.

Pupil assessments: Pathways to College Act. Would require, pursuant to specified provisions of the federal Elementary and Secondary Education Act, the Superintendent of Public Instruction to approve a nationally recognized high school assessment that a local educational agency, as defined, may, at its own discretion, administer, commencing with the 2019–20 school year, and each school year thereafter, in lieu of the consortium summative assessment in English language arts and mathematics for grade 11.

[AB 1962](#)

[Wood D \(Dist. 2\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY ED.

Education finance: local control funding formula: unduplicated pupils: foster youth: Indian tribe placement. Current law includes among unduplicated pupils, a pupil who is classified as an English learner, eligible for a free or reduced-price meal, or a foster youth, as defined, and requires county superintendents of schools, school districts, and charter schools to submit and report data relating to these pupils. This bill, commencing with the 2019–20 fiscal year, would include in that definition of “foster youth” a child who is in foster care under the placement and care responsibility of an Indian tribe, consortium of tribes, or tribal organization.

[AB 1974](#)

[Gonzalez Fletcher D \(Dist. 80\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY ED.

Pupils: collection of debt. Would enact the Primary Education Fair Debt Collection Act. The act would provide that a pupil, unless emancipated, can never owe or be billed for a debt by a public school or school district, county office of education, or state special school. The act would prohibit those educational entities from, among other things, withholding grades or transcripts, denying or withholding a diploma, or in any other way taking action against a pupil or former pupil because their parent or guardian owes money to the educational entity.

[AB 2009](#)

[Maienschein R \(Dist. 77\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Interscholastic athletic programs: school districts: written emergency action plans: automated external defibrillator. Would, if a school district elects to offer any interscholastic athletic program, require the school district to (1) ensure that there is an emergency action plan in place that describes the procedures to be followed in the event of medical emergencies related to the athletic program’s practices, conditioning exercises, and competitions, (2) acquire, commencing July 1, 2019, an AED for



the purpose of rendering emergency care or treatment at athletic practices, conditioning exercises, and competitions that are under the jurisdiction of, or sponsored or controlled by, the school district, as specified, and (3) ensure that the AED is maintained and regularly tested, as specified.

[AB 2012](#)

[Medina D \(Dist. 61\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

School and community college employees: parental leave. Would require, regardless of the type of differential pay system used by a school district or community college district, a person employed in a position requiring certification qualifications and a person employed in an academic position to receive no less than 50% of his or her regular salary for the remaining portion of the 12-workweek period of parental leave. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

[AB 2015](#)

[Reyes D \(Dist. 47\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Pupil instruction: economics: completion of applications for student financial aid. Would require, commencing with the 2019–20 school year, the governing board of a school district or the governing body of a charter school that offers a course in economics that is limited to grade 12 pupils to include instruction, as part of that course, in the proper completion of student financial aid applications, including the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) and the California Dream Act Application. The bill would require the State Department of Education, before the commencement of the 2019–20 school year, to provide guidance on how to implement these provisions, including, but not necessarily limited to, who may provide instruction.

[AB 2022](#)

[Chu D \(Dist. 25\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Pupil health: mental health professionals. Current law requires the governing board of any school district to give diligent care to the health and physical development of pupils and authorizes the governing board of a school district to employ properly certified persons for the work. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would require at least one mental health professional at each elementary and secondary school campus.

[AB 2067](#)

[Gallagher R \(Dist. 3\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

School safety: armed security guards. Would require a school district to hire or contract with at least one armed security guard, authorized to carry a loaded firearm, at each school of the school district. By imposing an additional requirement on school districts, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would provide that a school district's costs of implementing this requirement shall be reimbursed as a state mandate and shall not be funded with the funding provided to school districts pursuant to the local control funding formula.

[AB 2082](#)

[Garcia, Cristina D \(Dist. 58\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY PRINT

Teach for America teachers: assignment prohibition in low-income schools. Would prohibit, commencing with the 2019–20 school year, Teach for America teachers from being assigned, pursuant to the Teach for America program, to teach at any California public school, including a charter school, that has at least 40% of its pupils being from low-income families, as specified pursuant to Title I of the federal Elementary and Secondary Act of 1965. To the extent that this bill would increase duties on school districts and charter schools, it would impose a state-mandated local program.

[SB 83](#)

Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review

Location: ASSEMBLY BUDGET

School finance: education omnibus trailer bill. Current law establishes a public school financing system that requires state funding for county superintendents of schools, school districts, and charter schools to be calculated pursuant to a local control funding formula, as specified. Current law requires, for the 2013–14 fiscal year and for each fiscal year thereafter, the Superintendent of Public Instruction



to annually calculate a county local control funding formula for each county superintendent of schools, as provided. This bill, commencing with the 2017–18 fiscal year, would require the Superintendent to add a specified amount to the annual apportionment to each county superintendent of schools as part of the county local control funding formula, as provided.

[SB 607](#)

[Skinner D \(Dist. 9\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY INACTIVE FILE

Pupil discipline: suspensions and expulsions: willful defiance. Current law prohibits the suspension of a pupil enrolled in kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 3, inclusive, and recommending the expulsion of a pupil enrolled in kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive, for disrupting school activities or otherwise willfully defying the valid authority of those school personnel engaged in the performance of their duties. Current law makes these prohibitions inoperative on July 1, 2018. This bill would make those provisions indefinitely applicable to pupils enrolled in kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 5, inclusive, and, with respect to pupils enrolled in grades 6 to 12, inclusive, would make those provisions applicable until July 1, 2023.

[SB 816](#)

Committee on Education

Location: ASSEMBLY DESK

Elementary and secondary education: omnibus revisions. Current law establishes the State Board of Education and provides that the state board consists of 10 members who are appointed by the Governor with the advice and consent of 2/3 of the Senate. Current law requires the Governor to also appoint a student member to the state board with the advice and consent of 2/3 of the Senate, and prescribes the process for selecting candidates for the student member. This bill would revise and recast the provisions prescribing the process for selecting the student member.

[SB 949](#)

[Allen D \(Dist. 26\)](#)

Location: SENATE ED.

Pupil assessment: academic achievement. Current law requires the State Board of Education to adopt statewide academically rigorous content standards in the core curriculum areas of reading, writing, and mathematics to serve as the basis for assessing the academic achievement of individual pupils and of schools, school districts, and the California educational system. Current law makes these provisions inoperative on July 1, 2011. This bill would repeal these provisions.

[SB 958](#)

[Dodd D \(Dist. 3\)](#)

Location: SENATE GOV. & F.

School districts: elections: special taxes. Under current law, a ballot measure may be placed on the ballot at a school district election by the governing board of the school district. Whenever a school district ballot measure is placed on the ballot, existing law requires the county counsel or district attorney, as applicable, to prepare an impartial analysis of the measure showing the effect of the measure on existing law and the operation of the measure. This bill would clarify that a school district ballot measure includes an initiative measure that may be placed on the ballot pursuant to existing provisions of law.

Transportation

[AB 33](#)

[Quirk D \(Dist. 20\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Transportation electrification: electric vehicle service equipment: electrical corporations: rates. Would require the PUC, by March 30, 2018, in consultation with the State Air Resources Board and the Energy Commission, to consider authorizing electrical corporations to offer programs and investments that support customers who purchase a used electric vehicle. If authorized by the PUC, the bill would require that the programs and investments be designed to accelerate widespread transportation electrification, achieve ratepayer benefits, reduce dependence on petroleum, meet air quality standards, and reduce emissions of greenhouse gases.



[AB 118](#)

Committee on Budget

Location: SENATE INACTIVE FILE

Transportation. Would require the Department of Transportation to develop and submit to the Legislature and specified legislative caucuses, by January 1, 2019, a detailed outreach plan intended to increase procurement opportunities for new and limited contracting small business enterprises, as defined, including, but not limited to, those owned by women, minority, disabled veterans, LGBT, and other disadvantaged groups, in all the department's transportation programs, to undertake specified outreach activities required to be included in the plan, and to update that plan and submit it to specified entities.

[AB 382](#)

[Voepel R \(Dist. 71\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Fuel taxes: State Parks and Recreation Fund: Off-Highway Vehicle Trust Fund. Would provide that in the 2017–18 fiscal year up to \$1,000,000 of the revenues transferred to the State Parks and Recreation Fund may be transferred to the Off-Highway Vehicle Trust Fund to be available for specified purposes and would express the intent of the Legislature to make this transfer in the Budget Act of 2017.

[AB 1756](#)

[Brough R \(Dist. 73\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY TRANS.

Transportation funding. Would repeal the Road Repair and Accountability Act of 2017. This bill contains other related provisions.

[AB 1866](#)

[Fong R \(Dist. 34\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY TRANS.

Transportation funding. Would create the Traffic Relief and Road Improvement Program to address traffic congestion and deferred maintenance on the state highway system and the local street and road system. The bill would provide for the deposit of various existing sources of revenue in the Traffic Relief and Road Improvement Account, which the bill would create in the State Transportation Fund, including revenues attributable to the sales and use tax on motor vehicles, revenues attributable to automobile and motor vehicle insurance policies from the insurer gross premiums tax, revenues from certain diesel fuel sales and use taxes, revenues from certain vehicle registration fees, and certain miscellaneous State Highway Account revenues.

[SB 414](#)

[Vidak R \(Dist. 14\)](#)

Location: SENATE T. & H.

Transportation bonds: highway, street, and road projects. Would provide that no further bonds shall be sold for high-speed rail purposes pursuant to the Safe, Reliable High-Speed Passenger Train Bond Act for the 21st Century, except as specifically provided with respect to an existing appropriation for high-speed rail purposes for early improvement projects in the Phase 1 blended system. The bill, subject to the above exception, would require redirection of the unspent proceeds from outstanding bonds issued and sold for other high-speed rail purposes prior to the effective date of these provisions, upon appropriation, for use in retiring the debt incurred from the issuance and sale of those outstanding bonds.

[SB 477](#)

[Cannella R \(Dist. 12\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Intercity rail corridors: extensions. Current law authorizes the Department of Transportation, subject to approval of the Secretary of Transportation, to enter into an interagency transfer agreement under which a joint powers board assumes responsibility for administering the state-funded intercity rail service in a particular corridor and associated feeder bus services. Current law defines the boundaries of 3 intercity rail corridors, and requires the preparation of an annual business plan for the corridor by each participating joint powers board. This bill, at any time after an interagency transfer agreement between the department and a joint powers board has been entered into, would authorize



the amendment of the agreement to provide for the extension of the affected rail corridor to provide intercity rail service beyond the defined boundaries of the corridor.

[SB 1037](#)

[Cannella R \(Dist. 12\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

State government finance: Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Program. Prior to receiving an apportionment of funds under the Road Maintenance and Rehabilitation Program from the Controller in a fiscal year, current law requires a city or county to submit to the California Transportation Commission a list of projects proposed to be funded with these funds. Current law requires the commission to report to the Controller the cities and counties that have submitted a list of projects and requires the Controller, upon receipt of an initial or subsequent report, to apportion funds to cities and counties included in the report, as specified. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to the provisions requiring the commission to submit the specified reports to the Controller.

Veterans

[AB 85](#)

[Rodriguez D \(Dist. 52\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

General assistance: employable veterans. Current law requires each county to provide aid to its indigent residents not supported by other means. Current law permits a county to prohibit an employable individual from receiving general assistance benefits for more than 3 months in any 12-month period, whether or not the months are consecutive, if he or she has been offered an opportunity to attend job skills or job training sessions. This bill would, commencing July 1, 2018, exempt from that prohibition an employable veteran who was honorably discharged from the United States Armed Forces, unless the county enacts an ordinance, by July 1, 2018, making the prohibition applicable to an employable veteran who was honorably discharged from the United States Armed Forces.

[AB 809](#)

[Quirk-Silva D \(Dist. 65\)](#)

Location: SENATE DESK

Veterans: public postsecondary education: veterans' priority registration for enrollment. Current law also requires each community college district that administers a priority enrollment system to grant priority registration for enrollment to students in the California Community College Extended Opportunity Programs and Services and to disabled students, as defined. This bill would require that the priority registration for enrollment for members and former members of the Armed Forces of the United States and for members and former members of the State Military Reserve that is required by existing law, as described above, be applied notwithstanding any other law.

[SB 197](#)

[Bates R \(Dist. 36\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Sales and use taxes: exemption: military and veteran medical facilities. Would, on and after April 1, 2017, and before January 1, 2023, exempt from sales and use taxes the gross receipts from the sale of, and the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of, building materials and supplies purchased by a qualified person for use by that qualified person in the construction of specified military and veteran medical facilities. The bill would make a legislative finding and declaration that the retroactive application of the bill serves a public purpose and does not constitute a gift of public funds.

[SB 409](#)

[Nguyen R \(Dist. 34\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY 2 YEAR

Veterans' homes: services: complex mental and behavioral health needs. Would require the Department of Veterans Affairs to conduct a survey to assess the ability of veterans' homes to assist veterans with complex mental and behavioral health needs, and develop a plan to accommodate that population, as prescribed. The bill would require the department to submit the plan and any recommendations for future legislation necessary to achieve its objectives to the Legislature by January 1, 2019.



[SJR 2](#)

[Nielsen R \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: SENATE V. A.

Veteran bonus repayment. This measure would request that Congress expedite all actions necessary to permanently waive the requirement that our state's Army National Guard members repay federal financial incentives they received in exchange for wartime reenlistment and extend some form of relief or repayment to those soldiers who have already complied with recoupment orders despite the financial hardship.

Water

[AB 196](#)

[Bigelow R \(Dist. 5\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund: water supply and wastewater systems. Current law requires moneys from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to be allocated for the purpose of reducing greenhouse gas emissions in this state and satisfying other purposes. Current law authorizes specified investments, including water use and supply, if the investment furthers the regulatory purposes of the California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 and is consistent with law. This bill would authorize the use of the moneys in the fund for electric pump efficiency, water and wastewater systems, pump and pump motor efficiency improvements, and drinking water transmission and distribution systems' water loss if the investment furthers the regulatory purposes of the act and is consistent with law.

[AB 1000](#)

[Friedman D \(Dist. 43\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Water conveyance: use of facility with unused capacity. Current law prohibits the state or a regional or local public agency from denying a bona fide transferor of water from using a water conveyance facility that has unused capacity for the period of time for which that capacity is available, if fair compensation is paid for that use and other requirements are met. This bill would, notwithstanding that provision, prohibit a transferor of water from using a water conveyance facility that has unused capacity to transfer water from a groundwater basin underlying desert lands, as defined, that is in the vicinity of specified federal lands or state lands to outside of the groundwater basin unless the State Lands Commission, in consultation with the Department of Fish and Wildlife, finds that the transfer of the water will not adversely affect the natural or cultural resources of those federal and state lands.

[AB 1420](#)

[Aguiar-Curry D \(Dist. 4\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

Water rights: small irrigation use: lake or streambed alteration agreements. Would require the State Water Resources Control Board to give priority to adopting, on or before June 30, 2021, except as provided, general conditions that permit a registrant to store water for small irrigation use during times of high streamflow in exchange for the registrant reducing diversions during periods of low streamflow, as specified. The bill would require that the actions of the board under these provisions be deemed an action taken for the protection of the environment for purposes of specified California Environmental Quality Act guidelines, if those actions do not result in the relaxation of streamflow standards.

[SB 952](#)

[Anderson R \(Dist. 38\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Water conservation: local water supplies. Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would require the State Water Resources Control Board to recognize local water agency investment in water supply and will ensure that local agencies receive sufficient credit for these investments in meeting any water conservation or efficiency mandates.



[SCA 4](#)

[Hertzberg D \(Dist. 18\)](#)

Location: SENATE RLS.

Water conservation. The California Constitution requires that the water resources of the state be put to beneficial use to the fullest extent of which they are capable and that the waste or unreasonable use or unreasonable method of use of water be prevented. This measure would declare the intent of the Legislature to amend the California Constitution to provide a program that would ensure that affordable water is available to all Californians and to ensure that water conservation is given a permanent role in California's future.

Workforce

[AB 1664](#)

[Bocanegra D \(Dist. 0\)](#)

Location: SENATE 2 YEAR

California Film Commission: workforce development program. Current law establishes and generally sets forth the duties of the California Film Commission in encouraging and promoting the film industry in the state, including requiring the commission to develop and oversee the implementation of the Cooperative Motion Picture Marketing Plan. Current law requires the California Film Commission to adopt rules and regulations to implement a Career Readiness requirement pursuant to the implementation of that credit. This bill would require the California Film Commission to develop a workforce development program, as described, that is consistent with the Career Readiness requirement.

[AB 1885](#)

[Garcia, Eduardo D \(Dist. 56\)](#)

Location: ASSEMBLY L. & E.

Undocumented workers: California Agricultural and Service Worker Act. Would require the Employment Development Department and the Department of Food and Agriculture to convene a working group to address the issues relating to a work permit program for undocumented persons who are agricultural or service industry employees to work and live in the state and to serve as liaison to the United States Department of Homeland Security and the United States Department of Justice to ensure that state departments are not taking on responsibilities in matters dealing with immigration policy that are the jurisdiction of the federal government.